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A Basic Course SIX

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ENGLISH 900

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The complete series consists of:

Books 1-6

-basic texts

Workbooks 1-6

Readers (5)

-to supplement the basic texts

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—for supplementary use where there is a language laboratory.

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—describing all of the course materials, and suggesting how to use them.

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Book 2		Workbook 2		30 Tapes	٠	•	Reader
		Workbook 3					
		Workbook 4					
		Workbook 5					
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Teacher'							

Books 1-6 and Workbooks 1-6 illustrated by Alex Kenné



ENGLISH 900

COLLIER-MACMILLAN ENGLISH PROGRAM

ENGLISH BOOK SIX

prepared by
ENGLISH LANGUAGE SERVICES, INC.
Washington, D.C.

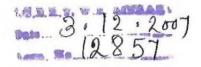


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PREFACE

ENGLISH 900, a course for adult students of English as a second language, contains material from beginning through intermediate levels of study. The whole series consists of textbooks, workbooks, and tape recordings, with a teacher's handbook.

ENGLISH 900 is one of the basic instructional courses in the Collier-Macmillan English Program. Included in the Program is a series of graded readers in which five are keyed to the vocabulary and structure

of each study unit in the basic texts of English 900.

The series takes its name from the 900 base sentences presented in the six textbooks. The sentences cover the basic structures and a basic vocabulary of the English language. They are introduced at the rate of fifteen in each study unit, or a hundred and fifty in each book, and are numbered consecutively from Base Sentence 1 in the first unit of Book One through Base Sentence 900 in the last unit of Book Six. These structures provide "building blocks" for all of the material studied in the series, e.g. there are approximately four variation sentences for each base sentence. As a part of his mastery of English, therefore, the student practices and learns approximately 3,600 variation sentences in addition to the basic 900 patterns.

There are ten study units in each textbook in the series. Each study unit contains a group of fifteen base sentences related to a meaningful situation. In Book One of the series, the typical study unit begins with the presentation of the fifteen Base Sentences together with Intonation patterns. Questions and Answers follow and give the student practice in pairing and matching the base sentences into conversational form. Substitution Drills introduce the variation sentences, using vocabulary and grammatical substitution techniques. These early sections of the unit provide the pronunciation practice and drill material needed for the mastery of language forms. The Conversation section consists of short dialogues giving the student the opportunity to practice the new lesson material in informal conversation in the classroom. Exercises in each unit can be used as oral and written drills for all of the materials introduced in the unit.

Units in the succeeding books in the series (Books Two to Six) contain Base Sentences, Intonation practice, Substitution Drills, Conversation, and Exercises, and, in addition, certain new features. Beginning with Book Two, a Reading Practice section is added to each unit,

and, beginning with Book Three, a Verb Study section. Books Four, Five, and Six include Participation Drills for classroom use, and Books Five and Six present Grammar Study materials and review exercises.

Each textbook includes a Key to the exercises and a Word Index which lists in alphabetical order every word introduced in the book, and cites the sentence and unit number in which the new word first occurred. There are special Review Units in Books One through Four.

A companion Workbook is available for each of the six textbooks, and a series of 180 pre-recorded tapes has been prepared for language laboratory use. English 900 Workbooks are unique in that they have been programmed for use by the student as home study material to reinforce classroom work. The Workbooks "test" the student on the textbook materials, and review the important points in each unit that he may not have mastered in class.

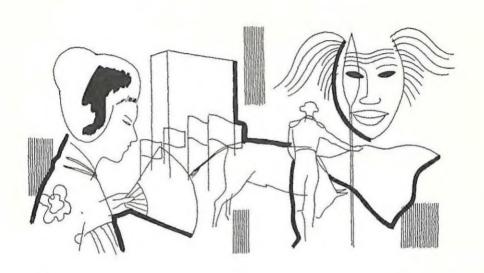
For classes that meet for three to five hours a week, each textbook in the series provides material for approximately three months of study. Suggestions for teaching the course, as well as detailed descriptions of all of the materials in English 900, have been given in the Teacher's Manual which accompanies the series.

A wide range of material has been created for the Collier-Macmillan English Program by the Materials Development Staff of English Language Services, Inc., under the co-direction of Edwin T. Cornelius, Jr., and Willard D. Sheeler. English 900 was prepared under the direction of Edwin T. Cornelius, Jr., with Joyce Manes as Project Editor.

CONTENTS

UNIT		Page
	PREFACE	,
1	COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES (751-765)	1
2	GEOGRAPHY AND LAND FEATURES (766-780)	13
3	SCHOOLS AND EDUCATION (781-795)	25
4	WORK AND CAREERS (796-810)	39
5	FARMS AND FACTORIES (811-825)	51
6	HOBBIES AND INTERESTS (826-840)	63
7	RECREATION AND SPORTS (841-855)	77
8	NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES (856-870)	89
9	RADIO AND TELEVISION (871-885)	103
10	MUSIC AND LITERATURE (886-900)	115
	WORD INDEX	131
	KEY to Exercises and Review Lessons	151
The	must be a state Bose Contences in each unit follow the unit title	2.0

UNIT 1 COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES



- What's your nationality? Are you American? 751
- What part of the world do you come from? 752
- 753 I'm an American by birth.
- I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France. 754
- Do you know what the population of Japan is? 755
- What's the area of the Congo in square miles? 756
- Who is the governor of this state? 757
- According to the latest census, our population has increased. 758
- Politically, the country is divided into fifty states. 759
- The industrial area is centered largely in the north. 760
- The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral deposits. 761
- This nation is noted for its economic stability. 762
- How old do you have to be to vote in the national elections? 763
- Today we celebrate our day of independence. It's a national holiday. 764
- My home is in the capital. It's a cosmopolitan city. 765

INTONATION

751	What's your nationality? Are you American?
752	What part of the world do you come from?
753	I'm an American by birth.
754	I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France.
755	Do you know what the population of Japan is?
756	What's the area of the Congo in square miles?
757	Who is the governor of this state?
758	According to the latest census, our population has increased.
759	Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.
760	The industrial area is centered largely in the north.
761	The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral deposits.
762	This nation is noted for its economic stability.
763	How old do you have to be to vote in the national elections?
764	Today we celebrate our day of independence. It's a national holiday
745	My home is in the capital. It's a cosmopolitan city.

VERB STUDY

1. come (from)

- a. What part of the world do you come from?
- b. She comes from England, doesn't she?
- c. He came from East Africa, didn't he?

2. he horn

- a. I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France.
- b. He's a native American. He was born in the United States.
- c. Where were you born?

3. increase

- a. According to the latest census, our population has increased.
- b. In some cities, the population increases each year.
- c. Will the population increase very much during the next ten years?

4. be divided (into)

- Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.
- b. The United States is now divided into fifty states.
- c. The people were divided in their opinions about the issue.

5. be centered

- a. The industrial area is centered largely in the north.
- b. According to the new plans, the cultural area will be centered around this section of the city.
- c. Isn't the agricultural area centered in the south?

6. be noted (for)

- a. This nation is noted for its economic stability.
- b. Wasn't John noted for his conservative views?
- c. That country has always been noted for its natural resources.

7. vote

- a. How old do you have to be to vote in the national elections?
- b. Helen is voting in the elections for the first time this year.
- c. You voted in the last national elections, didn't you?
- d. How did you vote? Did you vote for or against Mr. Smith?

8. celebrate

- a. Today we celebrate our day of independence.
- b. What is it we're celebrating tonight?
- c. Last week Mr. and Mrs. Cooper celebrated their wedding anniversary.
- d. She celebrates her birthday in September.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

			SUBSTIT	OH	M.	DKILL			
1.	. What's your nationality?			Are you	I	America Spanish French Congole Japanes	ese e		
2.	What	geogr	of the world raphical area in the world of climate			d	уоц сог		
3.	I'm	a natu	erican by birt ralized Ameri e Australian		W.	hat's yo	ur nati	onali	ty?
4.	I wa	s born in	n Spain, but	I grev my fa I don	v up ther 't ha	en of F in Sout was fro we Span ained E	th Ame om Kor nish citi	ea izens!	hip zenship
5. Do you know what the population of Japan the U. S. the Philippines Indonesia Thailand					7				
6.	Wha	at's the	area of the Co	ongo ir	s	quare n quare n lectares acres of	neters	?	
	head mayor president chief of state leader				this	repub nation		ty ?	
8. According to the latest census, our population has					eased uned th	ne sat	ne		

9. Politically
Geographically
Culturally
Industrially

, the country is divided into

fifty states ten regions two sections three major areas

10. The

industrial area agricultural region farm area petroleum region mining area is centered largely in the north.

The country is rich in natural resources.

It has

mineral deposits iron ore petroleum timber reserves water resources

12. This nation is noted for its

economic stability
political stability
economic development
scientific accomplishments
advanced technology
natural resources
indigenous music

13. How old do you have to be to

vote in the national elections become president of the country become a senator be the president of a university drive a car

14. Today we celebrate

our day of Independence Independence Day Christmas Thanksgiving our nation's birth . It's a national holiday.

15. My home is in the capital. It's

a cosmopolitan city an industrial center a large metropolitan area a small provincial town quite an interesting place an historic city



Countries and Nationalities

The United States covers a large part of the North American continent. Its neighbors are Canada to the north, and Mexico to the south. Although the United States is a big country, it is not the largest in the world. In 1964, its population was over 185,000,000.

When this land first became a nation, after winning its independence from England, it had thirteen states. Each of the states was represented on the American flag by a star. All these states were in the eastern part of the continent. As the nation grew toward the west, new states were added and new stars appeared on the flag. For a long time, there were 48 states. In 1959, however, two more stars were added to the flag, representing the new states of Alaska and Hawaii.

Indians were the first inhabitants of the land which is now the United States. There are still many thousands of the descendants of these original inhabitants living in all parts of the country. Sometimes it is said that the Indians are "the only real Americans." Most Americans, however, are descendants of people who came from all over the world to find a new life in a new land. Those who came first and in greatest numbers to make their homes on the eastern coast of North America were mostly from England. It is for that reason that the language of the United States is English and that its culture and customs are more like those of England than of any other country in the world.

Questions

- 1. What countries are neighbors of the United States?
- 2. How many states were there at the beginning? How many are there now?
- 3. How are the states represented on the American flag?
- 4. Who were the first inhabitants of America?
- 5. Why are the customs and culture of the United States more like those of England than of any other country?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

Student A begins by reading the first speech in the Student A column. Student B listens to Student A's speech, then selects and reads the appropriate response from the second column. Student A replies to Student B with the appropriate response from the first column. (There is only one correct response to each speech.)

Continue the dialog selecting the proper speeches in sequence until the conversation is complete.

STUDENT A

I live in Washington, D.C. Where do you live?

No, I haven't lived in Washington all my life. I was born in Paris, France. I'm still a citizen of France. Have you retained your Japanese citizenship?

Yes, I'm going to return to Paris in time to celebrate Bastille Day, a national holiday almost like Independence Day in the United States. Oh, I miss Paris very much! Do you miss Tokyo?

Yes, Chicago has many more people than Washington—about five times as many. How many years have you lived in Chicago?

No, Washington isn't an industrial city, but it is a large metropolitan area. Is Chicago as large as Washington?

Yes, Washington is the capital. It's an historic city noted for its many famous buildings. Is Chicago an historic city?

STUDENT B

Yes, I do miss Tokyo. But now my home is in the United States and as a citizen I can vote in the national elections.

Chicago is an historic city, also, but it's mainly an industrial center. Washington isn't an industrial center, is it?

Chicago is much larger than Washington. According to the last census, the population of Chicago is over 3½ million. That's more people than Washington has, isn't it?

I'm now living in Chicago, Illinois. I used to live in Tokyo, the capital city of Japan. Washington is the capital of the United States, isn't it?

No, I'm not a Japanese citizen any longer. I'm now a naturalized American. Are you planning to return to France?

Five years. I've lived in Chicago ever since I came to the United States from Japan. You haven't lived in Washington all your life, have you?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Basic Sentence Patterns

1. Simple Statements

SUBJECT	+ VERB	+	COMPLEMENT
I	am am not		an American by birth. an American by birth.

2. Question Patterns

QUESTION WORD	+ VERB	+ SUBJECT +	COMPLEMENT
	Are Aren't	you	a naturalized American?
What How long Where Who	is were was is	you	a naturalized American? a French citizen? your birthplace? the head of your government?

3. Requests and Commands

POLITE FORM -	+ VERB	+ COMPLEMENT
Would you Won't you Would you like to Would you please	vote	in the national elections?
Please	don't forget to vote	in the national elections.
Let's	vote	in the national elections.

4. Statements + Short Forms (but + pronoun + verb form)

SUBJECT -	+ VERB PHRASE	+ COMPLEMENT	+ Short Form
He The country	would like to celebrate can't become hasn't developed	Independence Day, president,	but I can't. but he'd like to. but it will. but I plan to.

5. Statement + Tag Question (verb form + pronoun)

	STATEMENT	+	TAG
He You You Our population	is come would like to be has increased,	a native Australian, from Japan, president,	isn't he? don't you? wouldn't you? hasn't it?

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Student A: Change the model sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence.

Student B: Listen to Student A's response. Then, make the changes indicated in the cue in Student A's sentence, not the model sentence.

Student A: Listen to Student B's sentence and make the necessary changes as indicated in the cue.

Continue in this manner, changing the previous response, until the exercise is complete. Follow the examples.

(1) (2) (3) 1. I am a native American.

a. Question

b. a naturalized American (3)

c. Statement

d. they (1)

e. he (1)

f. president of a university (3)

g. Question

h. leader of his political party (3)

i. Statement

j. a French citizen (3)

k. they (1)

l. I(1)

Am I a native American?

Am I a naturalized American?

I am a naturalized American.

They are naturalized Americans.

He is a naturalized American.



(3)(2)(1)is noted for economic stability. 2. This nation Is this nation noted for economic staa. Question bility? Isn't this nation noted for economic b. Negative Question stability? c. Negative Statement This nation isn't noted for economic stability. This nation isn't noted for mineral d. mineral resources (3) resources. This nation is noted for mineral ree. Affirmative Statement sources. This nation is rich in mineral f. is rich in (2) resources. g. Question h. this country (1) i. Negative Question j. Negative Statement k. doesn't have (2) I. Affirmative Statement m. ten regions (3) n. is divided into (2) (1)(2)(3) vote in the national elections, 3. You can can't you? a. Negative You can't vote in the national elections, can you? b, become president (2) You can't become president, can you? c. Affirmative You can become president, can't you? d. want to (1) You want to become president, don't you? e. Negative You don't want to become president, do you? f. live in a small town (2) You don't want to live in a small town, do you? g. Affirmative You want to live in a small town, don't you? h. would like to (1) Negative

j. work in an industrial center (2) k. Affirmative

big _____ with all my friends.

and geographic _____

- l. will (1)
- m. Negative
- n. aren't going to (1)
- o. Affirmative

	o. Affirmative
	WORD STUDY EXERCISES
1.	Complete the following sentences by using the verb form of the italicized noun. Follow the example.
	Example: I wish you would give me a more detailed description of your trip. Please describe it for me.
	a. This country is known for its economic development. It
	very rapidly in the last ten years.
	b. The scientific accomplishments of the past century are amazing.
	Scientists have many advances in exploring space.
	c. The national elections take place in November. This year we will
	a new president.
	d. The population of California is increasing. The state is being
	very rapidly.
	e. I'm an American by birth. I was in the United States.
	f. Mr. Smith is the governor of this state. We hope he wisely.
2	Complete the following sentences by using the noun form of the
۷.	Underlined with Follow the example.
	Example: Please describe your trip for me. I am interested in a de-
	a. I'm going to celebrate my birthday on Saturday. I'm planning a

b. The United States is divided into 50 states. These are political

12 UNIT ONE

- c. Are you going to vote in the national elections? Every _____ is important.
- d. The population of this small town has decreased. The people are unhappy about the ______
- 3. Select the word from Column B which is similar in meaning to the word in Column A.

	,	A		В	
b. c. d.	decrease industrial leader agricultural resources	g. h.	citizenship climate retain indigenous	native keep commercial nationality	decline weather farm reserves head

WORD LIST

accomplishment advanced agricultural area birth capital census center citizen citizenship climate cosmopolitan culturally deposit economic	election geographical geographically governor government hectare historic independence indigenous industrial industrially iron its largely late, later, latest	leader mayor meter metropolitan mineral mining nation national nationality natural naturalized ore petroleum political politically	political party population president provincial region republic reserve resource rich scientific section senator stability technology timber
--	--	--	--

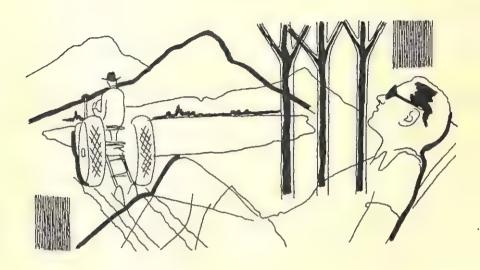
Verb Forms

celebrate	increase
center (in)	remain
decline	retain
decrease	vote
divide	

Expressions

be noted (for) chief of state head of the government

GEOGRAPHY AND LAND FEATURES



- Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere
- 767 It's a beautiful country with many large lakes.
- 768 This part of the country is very mountainous.
- 769 The land in this region is dry and parched.
- Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.
- 771 There are forests here, and lumbering is important.
- 772 The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.
- 773 This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.
- 774 What kind of climate do you have? Is it mild?
- 775 How far is it from the shore of the Atlantic to the mountains?
- 776 Is the coastal plain good for farming?
- 777 What's the longest river in the United States?
- 778 Are most of the lakes located in the north central region?
- As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
- 780 The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get much rain?

INTONATION

766	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere
767	It's a beautiful country with many large lakes.
768	This part of the country is very mountainous.
769	The land in this region is dry and parched.
770	Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.
771	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.
772	The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.
773	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.
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777	What's the longest river in the United States?
778	Are most of the lakes located in the north central region?
779	As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
780	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get much rain?

VERB STUDY

l. be located (in)

- a. Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.
- b. Wasn't that company located in New York in 1953?
- c. Our new cultural center will be located here.
- d. In the 17th century, where was the capital located?
- e. Most of the lakes are located in the north central region.

2. travel

- a. As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
- b. Last year I traveled to the Far East.
- c. She travels from New York to Washington about once a week.
- d. Do you like to travel?
- e. He enjoys traveling, but I prefer to stay home.
- f. How far did you travel last year?

3. get

- a. After traveling all summer, I was glad to get home.
- b. As we travel westward, you will notice that the land is getting higher.
- c. I don't think it really gets higher; it just seems higher.
- d. Did you get lost in the mountains?
- e. We got a lot of rain last year, but we haven't gotten much rain this year.
- f. Had I gotten over my illness in time, I would have gone on the trip with you.
- g. Had we gotten tickets earlier, we would have gone by plane.

4. farm

- a. Is the coastal plain good for farming?
- b. It's good for farming, but farming isn't the most important industry around here.
- c. If the people don't farm this land, what do they do with it?
- d. Most of the area is used for raising cattle, but some of the people farm their land.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Geographically, this country

is located

in the southern hemisphere in the northern hemisphere on the continent of Europe on the continent of Africa on the continent of Asia

2. It's a beautiful country with

many large lakes several chains of mountains many large rivers forests, mountains and desert scenic mountain areas

3. This part of the country is very

mountainous hilly flat stony heavily populated

4. The land in this region is

dry and parched arid semi-arid

fertile farmland

5. Along the northern coast there are many

high cliffs deep harbors ports good harbors and port cities forests

6. There are

forests oil wells streams

lumbering is important. petroleum fishing

7. The scenery is

beautiful gorgeous spectacular breath-taking

unbelievably beautiful

near the Pacific Ocean.

8. This mountain range has many high peaks and

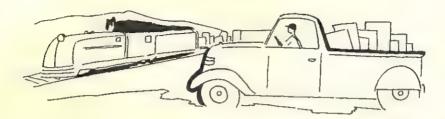
deep canyons swift rivers fertile valleys

9.	What kind of	climate do you	have? Is	tropic	and dry and humid	
10.	How far is it from t	he shore of the mountain r high platea cool forests coastline	ange u area	to the	mountains ? open plains fertile farmland hot desert area foothills	
11.	Is the coastal plain good for		farming raising o growing oil prosp urban de	eattle crops pecting evelopmen		
12.	What's the	longest river highest mounta coldest region hottest area largest industria		in the Un	ited States?	
13.	Are most of	the lakes located		north cent northeaste northwest south cent southwest southeaste	ern ern tral eern	
14.	As you trave	el westward eastward northward southward	, does the	e land get	higher ? drier more fertile less fertile	
15.	The weather	r is warm and su	nny here. Do you	suffer fr	h rain om the heat omfort the whole yea h cold weather	ır

?

get any snowfall at all

READING



Geography and Land Features

The geographical location of a country and its physical characteristics are very important to its development and progress. The United States is very fortunate in this respect.

First of all, it has a good climate. In almost all sections of the country it is possible to live comfortably during the whole year. It is true that in the south it sometimes gets very hot, and in the north very cold. But the people who live in these regions become accustomed to the climate and never suffer very much when the weather is either very hot or very cold.

In a large country there is usually a great variety of different physical characteristics. In the United States, there are wide plains and high mountains, thousands of lakes and rivers of all sizes, cool forests and hot deserts, and a coastline several thousand miles long.

The many lakes and rivers, as well as the long coastline, have been of great importance to the development of the country, since they made possible the easy transportation of people and all the things people need. Transportation by water is still necessary and important. In modern times, however, trains, automobiles, trucks and airplanes are doing much of the work which was formerly done by ships and boats.

Questions

- 1. In what respect is the United States very fortunate?
- 2. What can you say about the climate in the United States?
- 3. What kind of climate do you have in your country?
- 4. What are the principal physical characteristics of the United States? Of your country?
- 5. Why are rivers and lakes important?
- 6. Are there many rivers and lakes in your country? Does your country have a coastline?
- 7. What is used for transportation in modern times?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

Student A begins by reading the first statement in the Student A column. Student B finds and then reads the correct response from the Student B column. Student A selects and then reads the correct response to Student B's speech. Continue until the conversation is complete.

STUDENT A

I've heard so much about Japan. Is it a beautiful country?

No, France isn't very mountainous. But it does contain the Pyrenees, a large mountain range with high peaks and deep canyons. What kind of climate does Japan have?

No, rice isn't grown in France. But farming, fishing and industry are very important in France also. I'd like to get to Japan some day. Would you like to visit France?

Yes, I do feel the same way about France. The swift rivers, the fertile valleys, the large cities—its scenery is beautiful. Will you describe the geography of Japan?

Yes, the climate of France is generally mild, but northern France often has severe winters. In southern France, one can live in comfort the whole year. Is Japan good for farming?

Oh, no, France isn't an island. It is located in the western part of the European continent. But France does have many fine harbors and port cities on its southern and western coasts. Does Japan have good harbors?

STUDENT B

Not everyone thinks Japan is beautiful, but to me its beauty is breath-taking. You feel the same way about France, don't you?

Yes, I'd like to visit France. I'd like to travel all over the world. As you describe it, France seems to be very much like Japan. I would like to see for myself.

Yes, Japan is good for farming. Rice is the main crop, but Japan is also an industrial center. Fishing is very important, too. Rice isn't grown in France, is it?

Yes, I'll describe Japan's geography. It's made up of four large islands located off the coast of Asia. France isn't an island, is it?

The Japanese climate is warm and moist in the south, mild in the central part and cold in the north. Except for Hokkaido, we don't get much snowfall at all. France has a mild climate, doesn't it?

Good harbors! Yokohama is one of the most famous port cities in the world. Japan is the largest shipbuilding nation in the world. Also, there are long mountain ranges in the southern islands. France isn't very mountainous, is it?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Connected Statements

STATEMENT +	CONNECTIVE +	Short Fo	DRM
Mountain areas are scenic,	and	the coast is,	too.
Mountain areas are scenic,	and so		the coast.
Stony land isn't fertile,	and	the desert isn't,	either.
Stony land isn't fertile,	and neither		the desert.
Coastal plains are fertile,	but	the desert isn't.	

FIRST STATEMENT	+ Connective	+ SECOND STATEMENT
There are forests here;	so therefore, consequently, thus, as a result,	lumbering is important.
The weather is warm here;	and also, in addition, furthermore, moreover, in fact, as a matter of fact,	we don't get much rain.
This region isn't fertile;	but however, still, in spite of that, nevertheless, yet, on the other hand,	it has good harbors.





GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Student A: Change the model sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence.

Student B: Listen to Student A's response. Then, make the changes indicated in the cue in Student A's sentence, not the model sentence.

Student C: Listen to Student B's sentence and make the necessary changes as indicated in the cue.

Continue in this manner, changing the previous response, until the exerimplete. Follow the examples.

(1) (2) (3) te mountain area is scenic and the coast is, too.

- and so (2)
- b. and neither (2) (Negative)
- c. isn't heavily populated (1)
- d. but (2) (Affirmative)
- e. and (2), the coast isn't, either (3)
- f. isn't fertile (1)
- g. and neither (2)
- h. and so (2) (Affirmative)
- i. the coast is, too (3)
- j. but (2), the coast isn't (3)

The mountain area is scenic, and so is the coast.

The mountain area isn't scenic, and neither is the coast.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and neither is the coast.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, but the coast is.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and the coast isn't, either.





(3)(2)(1)lumbering is important. There are streams and forests here, SO There are streams and forests here; a. therefore (2) therefore, lumbering is important. There aren't streams and forests b. Negative here; therefore, lumbering isn't important. There aren't streams and forests c. fishing isn't important (3) here; therefore, fishing isn't important. There are streams and forests here; d. Affirmative therefore fishing is important. e. consequently (2) f. the scenery is beautiful (3) g. thus (2) h. as a result (2) i, the land is fertile (3) j. ° so (2) k, the land is not arid (3) (2)(1)and we don't get much rain. 3. The weather is very warm, The weather is very warm; morea. moreover (1) over, we don't get much rain. The weather is very warm; moreb. the land is arid (2) over, the land is arid. The weather is very warm; in addic. in addition (1) tion, the land is arid. The weather is very warm; in addid. the land is stony (2) tion, the land is stony. e. and (1) f. we suffer from the heat (2) g. also (1) h. furthermore (1) i. it is tropical (2) j. in fact (1) k. as a matter of fact (1)

it is a hot desert area (2)

4	This region is not fortile.	(1) but	(2) it has good harbors.
4.	This region is not fertile, a. however (1)	,,,,,	This region is not fertile; however,
	b. it is heavily populated	(2)	it has good harbors. This region is not fertile; however, it is heavily populated.
	c. nevertheless (1)		This region is not fertile; neverthe- less, it is heavily populated.
	d. it is an industrial area	(2)	This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is an industrial area.
	e, still (1) f, it is a scenic area (2) g, in spite of that (1) h, it has large lakes (2) i, yet (1) j, it is good for urban development (2) k, on the other hand (1) l, it isn't a desert area (2)		
	WORD	STUI	DY EXERCISES
1.	a. The weather has become	is tru me w	Follow the example. e. Its truth cannot be questioned. arm. The is pleasant after the st river in the U.S. Its is 2,560
			it. The was good for the crops.
	c. The rain made the so	u mois	. I don't know the exact
	d. Grand Canyon is ver	y acep	stal plain area. The land here is good
	£ .1 .		
	1 to a bout the		on are exceedingly humid. Everyone
	g. New York City is a l	icavily	populatea area. Its is aimost
	h. Detroit is the major	indust	rial city in the state of Michigan. Its manufacturing.

24 UNIT TWO

Pronunciation: Mark the heavily accented syllable in each of the words below. Follow the example.

Example: opposition opposite. regional a. region b. geography geographical scenic c. scenery d. spectacle spectacular e. beauty beautiful f. population populated g. fertility fertile h. mountain mountainous industry industrial i. comfort comfortable

WORD LIST

arid foothills northward severe breath-taking forest northwestern shore canyon gorgeous ocean snowfall cattle harbor oil prospecting southeastern cliff heavily oil well southern coastal hemisphere parched southward coastline high peak southwestern comfort hilly plain spectacular continent humid plateau stony crop less populated stream deep lumbering port swift desert moist rain tropical eastward mountainous scenery urban farmland mountain range scenic valley fertile northeastern semi-arid westward fishing northern

Verb Forms

farm grow raise suffer

Expressions

be located chain of mountains

SCHOOLS AND EDUCATION



- 781 Children enter school at the age of five, don't they?
- 782 In elementary school, the child learns to read and write.
- 783 In secondary school, children get more advanced knowledge.
- 784 In universities, students train to become teachers and engineers.
- 785 He went to grade school in New York and high school in Chicago.
- 786 In college I majored in science. What was your major?
- 787 My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was last night.
- 788 I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree.
- 789 If you expect to enter the university, you should apply now.
- 790 This is my first year of college. I'm a freshman.
- 791 My uncle is a high school principal.
- 792 What kind of grades did you make in college?
- 793 During your first year of college, did you make straight A's?
- 794 My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches economics.
- 795 John has extracurricular activities. He's on the football team.

795

INTONATION

Children enter school at the age of five, don't they? 781 In elementary school, the child learns to read and write. 782 In secondary school, children get more advanced knowledge. 783 In universities, students train to become teachers and engineers. 784 He went to grade school in New York and high school in Chicago. 785 In college I majored in science. What was your major? 786 My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was last night. 787 I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree. 788 If you expect to enter the university, you should apply now. This is my first year of college. I'm a freshman. 790 My uncle is a high school principal. 791 What kind of grades did you make in college? 792 During your first year of college, did you make straight A's? 793 My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches economics. 794 John has extracurricular activities. He's on the football team.

VERB STUDY

1, enter

- a. Children enter kindergarten at the age of five, don't they?
- b. My daughter enters the first grade this year.
- c. John entered the university two years ago.
- d. If you had entered college this year, would you be a freshman?
- e. Our bus is entering New York City now.

2. learn (to)

- a. In elementary school, the pupil learns to read and write.
- b. What did you learn to do today?
- c. Last year they learned to ride a bicycle.
- d. I'm learning to speak a foreign language.
- e. Didn't you ever learn to drive a car?

3. read, write

- a. In elementary school, children learn to read and write, don't they?
- b. That little boy reads and writes very well for his age.
- c. The students have already read the questions. Now they're writing their answers.
- d. I read my mail and then wrote some letters.

4. train, teach

- a. In colleges, students train to become doctors and engineers.
- b. He's been trained as a teacher.
- c. My brother teaches economics.
- d. He has taught on the faculty for nearly twenty years.
- e. Mr. Cooper is teaching French. English is taught by Mr. Jones.

5. major (in)

- a. In college I majored in science. What was your major?
- b. I'm majoring in music.
- c. When my father was in college, he majored in economics.
- d. If she majors in French, I'm sure she'll become a teacher.

6. graduate (from)

- a. My sister graduated from high school, and then went to college.
- b. I'm going to graduate from college next year.
- c. As soon as he graduates, he's going to get a job.
- d. Isn't John graduating from college in June?

7. expect to

- a. If you expect to enter college in the fall, you should apply now.
- b. Are you expecting to get good grades this year?
- c. I expected my brother to go to college, but he didn't.
- d. If you had expected to enter college, you should have registered.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Children enter

school kindergarten grade school elementary school the first grade pre-school classes nursery school at the age of five, don't they?

2. In elementary school, the child learns to

read and write work with numbers study

3. In secondary school, children

get more advanced knowledge study mathematics, physics and chemistry study history, geography and government begin to concentrate on special interests

4. In universities, students train to become

teachers and engineers lawyers and dentists doctors and nurses

5. He went to grade school in New York and

high school vocational school an electronics school a trade school a private academy in Chicago.

6. In college I majored in

science math physics languages history economics philosophy . What was your major?

7. My sister graduated

from | high school college a private school

Graduation Commencement The ceremony

was last night.

8. I'm a graduate of Yale University.

I have

- a Bachelor of Arts degree
- a B.A. degree
- a Bachelor of Science degree
- a Master of Arts degree
- an M.S. degree
- a Doctor of Philosophy degree
- a Ph.D. degree

9. Do you have

a high school diploma a special diploma special credentials a college degree an honorary degree

10. If you expect to enter the university, you should

now. apply

register make an application go to the registrar's office enroll

11. This is my

first second third fourth third second

year of college. I'm

a freshman a sophomore

a junior

a senior

an upperclassman a lowerclassman

30 UNIT THREE

- 12. My uncle is
- a high school principal
 an elementary school head
 a college president
 a university dean
 a graduate lecturer
 a faculty professor

. Do you know him?

13. What kind of grades did you make

in college during your early school years through high school in your junior high school years

14. During your first year of college, did you make

straight A's
a B average
many C's
the honor roll
good grades
poor grades

15. My brother is a member of the faculty.

He teaches

economics
psychology
pathology
computer mathematics
civil engineering
electrical engineering

16. John has extracurricular activities.

He's

on the football team president of his class in the school band editor of the school paper active in sports

READING



Schools and Education

Life in the twentieth century demands preparation. Today, all individuals in a country must have adequate schooling to prepare them for their work as well as for their responsibilities as citizens. With this in mind, national leaders everywhere are placing more emphasis on the education of the young.

In the United States, government officials, parents, and teachers are working hard to give the children-tomorrow's decision makers-the

best preparation available.

There is no national school policy in the United States. Each of the fifty states makes its own rules and regulations for its schools, but there are many similarities among the fifty school systems. Public schools in all states are supported by taxes paid by the citizens of the individual state. In most states the children are required to attend school until they reach the age of sixteen.

When they become six years old, children begin elementary school. After six years in elementary school, they go into junior high school and remain there for three years. The last three years of their public school education are spent in senior high school, from which they grad-

uate at the age of eighteen.

A great number of high school graduates continue their education in one of the many colleges or universities in the country. After four years, they receive a bachelor's degree. Some continue studying for a master's degree and perhaps a doctor's degree.

Ouestions

- 1. At what age does a child in the United States enter elementary school?
- 2. Are public schools in the United States free to the students? Why?
- 3. How long does the law require that a student go to school in most states?
- 4. At what age do most students graduate from high school?
- 5. Why is education so important today?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I finally made it. I'm now a college graduate. Would you like to hear about it?

I made pretty good grades. I had B's in science and math, but I made straight A's in my major. What did you major in?

Yes, I was active in extracurricular activities. Because of my training on school newspapers since my junior high school years, I became editor of the Yale paper. Were you active in sports?

Yes, I'll go on for my Master's. I expect to teach history and government in a secondary school. Did you ever teach in a high school?

Yes, I should apply soon. I think I'll make an application for a position as graduate lecturer at Yale. Do you think I have a chance to get it?

Yes, I had to work very hard for my Bachelor's degree. I'm proud to be a graduate of Yale University. Were you proud to graduate from Yale?

STUDENT B

Yes, I was very proud to be a Yale man. I have a Master of Arts degree and my Ph.D. also. You're going on for your M.A. aren't you?

Yes, I taught in high school. That was before I became a college professor. You made good grades at Yale, didn't you?

I majored in child psychology. I was very interested in the way children learn to read and write. You were active in extracurricular activities, weren't you?

Yes, I think you have a good chance. You should go to the registrar's office and apply there.

Yes, I'd like to hear about it. You had to work hard to earn your Bachelor of Arts degree, didn't you?

Yes, I was active in sports. During my junior and senior years, I was on the Yale football team. If you're going to graduate school, you should apply soon, shouldn't you?



GRAMMAR REVIEW

Modifiers of Nouns Adjective Clauses and Adjective Phrases

1. Adjective Clauses

Pattern A

which is a graduation ceremony, was last night. Commencement, graduated last night. who received a B.A. degree, My sister, is a teacher. whose major was economics,

My brother, who are five years old.

Kindergarten is for children whose knowledge is more advanced. High school is for older children which are private schools.

Some students attend academies.

Pattern B

is science. (which) I prefer The subject is football. (which) I am active in is a faculty professor. The sport (whom) I spoke to The man was difficult. (when) I was a freshman The year is quiet. (that) I study in The library

Adjective Phrases

get advanced knowledge. in high school Students receive diplomas. of secondary schools Graduates make the honor roll. with good grades Students is my uncle. on the faculty The professor is a private academy. near New York City is an advanced degree. The school from a university A Ph.D. plans to teach. majoring in languages The student should see the registrar. wishing to register Students must attend college. training to be doctors Students are more advanced. taught at universities Classes is extracurricular. enjoyed by the students, Football,

PARTICIPATION DRILL

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Yes, I should apply soon. I think I'll make an application for a position as graduate lecturer at Yale. Do you think I have a chance to get it?

Yes, I had to work very hard for my Bachelor's degree. I'm proud to be a graduate of Yale University. Were you proud to graduate from Yale?

STUDENT B

Yes, I was very proud to be a Yale man. I have a Master of Arts degree and my Ph.D. also. You're going on for your M.A. aren't you?

Yes, I taught in high school. That was before I became a college professor. You made good grades at Yale, didn't you?

I majored in child psychology. I was very interested in the way children learn to read and write. You were active in extracurricular activities, weren't you?

Yes, I think you have a good chance. You should go to the registrar's office and apply there.

Yes, I'd like to hear about it. You had to work hard to earn your Bachelor of Arts degree, didn't you?

Yes, I was active in sports. During my junior and senior years, I was on the Yale football team. If you're going to graduate school, you should apply soon, shouldn't you?



GRAMMAR REVIEW

Modifiers of Nouns Adjective Clauses and Adjective Phrases

1. Adjective Clauses

Pattern A

was last night. which is a graduation ceremony, Commencement, graduated last night. who received a B.A. degree, My sister, is a teacher. whose major was economics, My brother,

who are five years old. Kindergarten is for children

whose knowledge is more advanced. High school is for older children

which are private schools. Some students attend academies,

Pattern B

is science. (which) I prefer The subject is football. (which) I am active in is a faculty professor. The sport (whom) I spoke to The man was difficult. (when) I was a freshman The year is quiet. (that) I study in The library

2. Adjective Phrases

get advanced knowledge. in high school Students receive diplomas. of secondary schools make the honor roll. Graduates with good grades Students is my uncle. on the faculty is a private academy. The professor near New York City is an advanced degree. The school from a university A Ph.D. plans to teach. majoring in languages should see the registrar. The student wishing to register Students must attend college. training to be doctors Students are more advanced. taught at universities Classes is extracurricular. enjoyed by the students, Football,

34 UNIT THREE

3. Comparison—adjective phrase and adjective clause

Students		in high school	get advanced knowledge.
Students	who are	e in high school	get advanced knowledge.
The student	who is	majoring in languages majoring in languages	plans to teach. plans to teach.
Football,	which is	enjoyed by the students, enjoyed by the students,	is extracurricular. is extracurricular.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Change the sentence as indicated in the cue, or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence. Make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

(1) (2)
1. Your sister, who graduated last night, received a B.A. degree.

a. Question

b. who majored in economics
(1)

c. Statement

Did your sister, who graduated last night, receive a B.A. degree?

Did your sister, who majored in economics, receive a B.A. degree?

Your sister, who majored in economics, received a B.A. degree.

- d. received high grades (2)
- e. was an excellent student (2)
- f. Question
- g. who was active in sports (1)
- h. Statement
- i. who was editor of the school paper (1)
- j. graduated with honors (2)

(1)(2)

High school is for older children whose knowledge is more advanced.

- a. is for young adults (2)
- b. college (1)
- c. who want to concentrate on special interests (3)
- High school is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.

(3)

- College is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.
- College is for young adults who want to concentrate on special interests.

- d. Question
- e. who want to become teachers and engineers (3)
- f. Statement
- g. who want to study psychology (3)
- h. is for students (2)
- who make good grades (3)
- j. Negative (Use the negative form of both verbs.)

(1)3. The professor on the faculty

- a. with an M.A. degree (2)
 - b. teaches at the university (3)
 - c. the graduate lecturer (1)
- (3)is my uncle.
 - The professor with an M.A. degree is my uncle.
 - The professor with an M.A. degree teaches at the university.
 - The graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teaches at the university.

- d. Question
- e. from New York City (2)
- f. teach economics (3)
- g. Statement
- h. studying for his Ph.D. (2)
- i. is on the faculty (3)



WORD STUDY EXERCISES

	WORD 51021
1.	
	Example: A girl who practices nursing is a nurse.
	a. A man who practices law is a
	b. A man who practices dentistry is a
	c. A man who practices medicine is a
	d. A man who has studied philosophy is a
	e. A man whose profession is economics is an
	f. A man who experiments in science is a
	g. A man who writes history books is an
	h. A man who solves mathematical problems is a
	i. A man whose profession is engineering is an
	j. A man who teaches is a
2	are related and one that is not related. Select the word that are not belong.
	Example: orange, apple, pear, steak, grapefruit
	a. freshman, sophomore, professor, senior, junior
	b. lecturer, professor, teacher, instructor, registrar
	c. university, office, college, academy, school
	d. clerk, dean, president, school head, principal
	e. grades, marks, subject, average, credits
	f. B.A., M.S., Ph.D., U.S.A., B.S.
	g. elementary school, factory, high school, kindergarten, college
	h. football, math, physics, English, history

3.	Complete the following sentences with the correct preposition. Follow the example.
	Example: The pupils learn to read and write. (to, for)
	a. I graduated Yale University. (from, to)
	b. I majored science. (for, in)
	c. He's the football team. (on, in)
	d. Children enter kindergarten the age of five. (at, in)
	e. I'm a graduate Harvard University. (of, from)
	f. I travel to school a bus in the winter. (by, in)
	g. On sunny days I go foot. (on, at)
	h. Tomorrow I will go car. (in, by)
4.	Complete the following expressions with the correct form of the appropriate verb from the list below: make see
	get give make see do have take slip
	a. Will you please me a favor?
	b. If you did your work on time, you wouldn't into trouble.
	c. Have you any thought to going on to graduate school?
	d. Did you a good time in your freshman year at college?
	d. Did you a good time in your prades this year.
	e. I must an attempt to get better grades this year.
	f. 1 don't any point in going to college, if you're not going to study.
	g. I forgot to register. It completely my mind.
	h. I your advice and majored in engineering.
	n. 1 your advice and

WORD LIST

	economics	honor roll	physics
academy			poor
active	editor	interests	
activity	electrical	junior	pre-school
average	engineering	junior high school	principal
band	electronics	kindergarten	psychology
chemistry	elementary school	knowledge	registrar
civil engineering		lecturer	science
college	faculty	lowerclassman	secondary school
commencement	football	major	senior
computer	freshman	math	sophomore
mathematics	grade	member	special
credentials	grade school	nursery school	sports
dean	graduate	paper	trade school
degree	graduation	pathology	upperclassman
diploma	high school	philosophy	vocational school
early	honorary		

Verb Forms

concentrate enter graduate (from) major (in) register teach, taught (p. and p. part.) train

University Degrees

B.A. = Bachelor of Arts B.S. = Bachelor of Science M.A. = Master of Arts M.S. = Master of Science Ph.D. = Doctor of Philosophy

Expressions

make grades make straight A's

WORK AND CAREERS



- 796 I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of Labor.
- 797 What kind of work do you do? Are you a salesman?
- As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a bank teller.
- 799 John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.
- 800 What do you want to be when you grow up? Have you decided yet?
- 801 I like painting, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's work.
- 802 Have you ever thought about a career in the medical profession?
- 803 My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. He just retired.
- 804 My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of major.
- 805 I have a good-paying job with excellent hours.
- 806 My sister worked as a secretary before she got married.
- 807 George's father is an attorney. He has his own practice.
- 808 He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.
- 809 Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
- 810 After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.

INTONATION

796	I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of Labor.
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804	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of major.
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806	My sister worked as a secretary before she got married.
807	George's father is an attorney. He has his own practice.
808	He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.
809	Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
810	After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.

VERB STUDY

I. work

- a. I work for the Department of Labor.
- b. I've worked here for more than fifteen years.
- c. My sister works for the airlines. She's a secretary.
- d. I'm working late tonight.

2. complete

- a. When I complete my training, I'm going to be a bank teller.
- b. Betty Cole completed her work late last night.
- c. If he completes his training, he's going to be a doctor.
- d. I'm completing my training this month.

3. build up

- a. John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.
- b. He has a successful business. He built it up himself.
- c. You have to work hard to build up your own business.
- d. He was successful in building up his own business.

4. retire

- a. My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. He just retired last month.
- b. Are you going to retire this year?
- c. When he retires, he's going to Florida.
- d. My father retired last year after working for 35 years.

5. be promoted

- a. My brother was just promoted to the rank of lieutenant.
- b. When he's promoted again, he'll be a captain.
- c. John is being promoted to the rank of major this month.
- d. Mr. Jones has been promoted. He's now the office manager.

6. run (for)

- a. Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
- b. You ran for election as governor in 1958, didn't you?
- c. If he runs for election, he'll be elected governor.
- d. If you had run for election, I'm sure you would have won.

be 'appointed

- a. After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.
- b. When were you appointed president of the university?
- c. If you were to be appointed ambassador, what country would you like to go to?
- d. George is being appointed the new ambassador to this country.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. I'm a federal employee. I work for the

Department of

Labor Commerce Agriculture State Justice

2. What kind of work do you do?

Are you a

salesman truck driver bus driver department store clerk government worker

As soon as I complete my training,

I'm going to be a

bank teller missile expert pilot hotel manager bookkeeper

4. John has built up his own business.

He

owns a hotel
has a taxicab company
manages a shoe factory
is a florist
has a barbershop
runs a restaurant

5. What do you want to be

when you grow up after you're on your own when you finish your training after you finish school

Have you decided yet?

6. I like painting working in an office writing music teaching swimming

, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's work.

7. Have you ever thought about a career in

the medical profession the legal profession electronics medicine the air force the army the navy

8. My uncle was a

pilot policeman fireman singer conductor with the

airlines
police department
fire department
opera company
railroad

He just retired.

 My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of

major colonel general lieutenant captain

10. I have a good-paying job with

excellent hours
good working conditions
a vacation every year
annual increases in salary
many fringe benefits

44 UNIT FOUR

11. My sister worked as

a secretary
an office clerk
an airline hostess
a nurse
a technician
a salesgirl in a dress shop

before she got married.

12. George's father is

an attorney a dentist a medical doctor a criminal lawyer

an engineer

He has his own practice.

13. He always takes pride in his work. He's very

efficient industrious meticulous accurate devoted dedicated

14. Mr. Smith is a politician.

He's running for election as

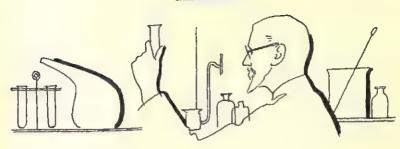
governor mayor representative senator president

15. After a successful career in

business politics the army , he was appointed ambassador

the foreign service

READING



Work and Careers

Sometimes we say that someone we know is "a square peg in a round hole". This simply means that the person we are talking about is not suited for the job he is doing. He may be a bookkeeper who really wants to be an actor or a mechanic who likes cooking. Unfortunately, many people in the world are "square pegs"; they are not doing the kind of work they should be doing, for one reason or another. As a result they probably are not doing a very good job and certainly they are not happy.

Choosing the right career is very important. Most of us spend a great part of our lives at our jobs. For that reason we should try to find out what our talents are and how we can use them. We can do this through aptitude tests, interviews with specialists, and study of books

in our field of interest.

There are many careers open to each of us. Perhaps we like science. Then we might prepare ourselves to be chemists, physicists, or biologists. Maybe our interests take us into the business world and such work as accounting, personnel management or public relations. Many persons find their place in government service. Teaching, newspaper work, medicine, engineering—these and many other fields offer fascinating careers to persons with talent and training.

Questions

- 1. Why is it important to find the right career?
- 2. Name three ways that we can find the right career.
- 3. What are some of the careers found in the scientific world?
- 4. What do we mean by "square peg in a round hole"?
- 5. Do you know anyone who is not happy in his work? Is he a "square peg in a round hole"?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I'm looking for a job, sir. Can you help me?

No, I haven't graduated from college. But I did major in bookkeeping in business school. I worked as a bank teller, but my feet hurt from standing all day. Do you have a job where I can sit down?

Oh, yes, I take great pride in my work. When I had a job as a house painter, I sometimes spent all day just cleaning my brushes. But the paint gave me headaches. Can you tell me more about the waiter's job?

Yes, it does sound interesting. But I don't think I'm strong enough to lift those heavy trays. Do you have something that doesn't require lifting?

Yes, I've had other jobs. I worked as a conductor on a railroad, but the movement of the train made me sick. Do you have work that doesn't require travel?

No, I don't want a business career. I was a florist, but I didn't like it. The flowers made me sneeze. Can you suggest some other kind of work?

STUDENT B

I'll be glad to tell you more about that job as a waiter. You'll have excellent working conditions and a vacation every year. That sounds interesting, doesn't it?

Something that doesn't require travel? Let's see. I have a job for you as a waiter in a hotel restaurant. It's a good-paying job with many fringe benefits. You're efficient and you take pride in your work, don't you?

Of course, I can help you. The Acme Employment Agency has helped all kinds of people from missile experts to swimming teachers. You want a career in business, don't you?

Yes, I can suggest many other kinds of work. But first I must find out more about your training. You're a college graduate, aren't you?

You want a job that lets you sit? I think we can find one. But I must know more about your experience. You've had other jobs, haven't you?

No lifting? You can't lift, you can't travel, you can't stand up, and flowers and paint make you sick! You need a medical doctor more than a job. There's an MD in this building. I suggest that you go see him. Good-bye!

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Modifiers of Verbs: Adverbial Clauses and Adverbial Phrases

1. Adverbial Clauses

	Main or Independent + Adverbial Clause Clause
REASON	I enjoy my job since it has excellent hours. I enjoy my job because it has fringe benefits.
Opposition	I enjoy my job although I work long hours.
CONDITIO	You can't be a pilot unless you complete your training You can be a pilot if you complete your training.
PLACE	He won't work He takes pride in his work where the hours are long. wherever he works.
TIME You can't be a doctor You can be a doctor You can't be a doctor You can't be a doctor You can be a doctor	

2. Adverbial Phrases

STATEMENT	+ ADVERBIAL PHRASE
I was in the army I studied law I went to college I have been practicing law I opened my own office I will practice law I will be rich I will enter politics	before college. during my college years. for four years. since graduation. in July. until retirement. by then. after my business career.

3. Comparison—adverbial phrase and adverbial clause

THE ROOM CO		
STATEMENT + ADVERBIAN	L CLAUSE	or Adverbial Phrase
I enjoy my job because of l enjoy my job because	it has	the fringe benefits. fringe benefits.
I enjoy my job in spite of I enjoy my job although	I work	the long hours.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Change the sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence. Make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

1) (2)

1. I enjoy my job since it has fringe benefits.

a. although I work long hours I enjoy my job although I work long hours.

b. enjoy writing books (1) I enjoy writing books although I

work long hours.

c. because I receive a good I enjoy writing books because I resalary (2) ceive a good salary.

d. if I have good working conditions (2)

e. will take pride in my work (1)

f. when I have my own business (2)

g. will take a vacation every year (1)

h. after I'm on my own (2)

i. as soon as I can (2)

j. will start my own business (1)

(1)

2. You can't be a pilot until you complete your training.

a. while (1) You can't be a pilot while you are completing your training.

b. Question Can't you be a pilot while you are complet-

ing your training?

c. before Can't you be a pilot before you complete your training?

d. Statement You can't be a pilot before you complete your training.

e. after (Affirmative) You can be a pilot after you complete your training.

f. as soon as

g. Question

h. when

i. Statement

j. if

(1) (2)

3. I studied law during my college years.

a. since high school (2)
b. for four years (2)
I've studied law since high school.
I've studied law for four years.

	c. practiced law (1)	I've practice	d law for four years.
	d. during the past year (2)	I practiced l year.	aw during the past
	e. was very industrious (1) f. in the summer (2) g. until my retirement (2)		
	h. received an annual increase i. got some fringe benefits (1)	in salary (1)	
	j. after retirement (2)		
		DY EXERCISE	
1.		wing list that b	est completes each of
	the sentences below. difficult promoted manages retired	meticulous employed	profession dedicated
	Example: This lesson is hard.	The words are di	ifficult.
	a. John is a very careful studer	it. He is	-1
	office I am	as a secret:	ary.
	c. If I had my choice of caree	rs, I would choo	se the medical
	Man ample rune his own bus	iness. He	it by minisch.
	y and amond from the re	ank of Captain.	1 was to 1724j
	f. When my father became 6	5 years old, he	stopped working. The
	g. Mr. Holmes devoted his en	tire life to the p	ractice of law. The was
	a man.		
2.	Select the word(s) from Column fession in Column A. Read the	n B that best de complete sentend	escribes the job or pro- ce.
	COLUMN A		COLUMN B
	1. A man who drives trucks is	s a	a. bank teller
	2 A man who calls is a		b. salesmanc. hotel owner
	3. A man who works for the	government is a	d. truck driver
	4. A man who works in a pai	IV IS II	e. governor
	A man who manages a hot	el is a	f. hotel manager
	A man who governs a state	15 a	g. government worke
	7. A man who teaches swim n	ning is a	h. swimming teacher

50 UNIT FOUR

Department of State

3. Add the syllable "in-" or "un-" to the beginning of the words in parentheses to give them negative meaning. Then complete the sentences with the negative forms of the words.

Example: Your story doesn't sound true. It is unbelievable. (believable)

- a. John is a careless worker. He is _____. (efficient)
- b. I have not selected a career. I am _____, (decided)
- c. Mr. Brown is not a famous painter. He is _____ (known)
- d. Mr. Jones is a poor manager. His business is _____.

 (successful)
- e. My employer won't raise my salary. He is very _____.

 (considerate)
- f. I do not want to become an airline pilot. That career is _____.
- g. I would like to be an ambassador to a foreign country. I want a career that is ______ (usual)

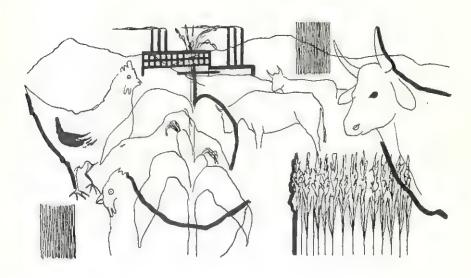
WORD LIST

accurate air force airline ambassador army attorney bank teller bookkeeper career company conductor criminal	dedicated devoted driver efficient expert factory federal fireman florist fringe benefits general good-paying	increase industrious legal lieutenant major meticulous missile navy painting pilot politician	politics practice rank representative salesgirl secretary service shop taxicab technician worker
--	---	---	--

U.S. Government Oraces	Verb Forms	Expressions
Department of Agriculture	appoint	run a business
Department of Commerce	build up	run for election
Department of Justice	manage	take pride (in)
Department of Labor	promote	prior (- /

retire

5 FARMS AND FACTORIES



- Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow very well here
- 812 In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise cattle.
- The ground around here is stony and not very good for farming.
- What are the principal farm products in this region?
- 815 Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
- 816 They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.
- 817 At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.
- 818 On many farms you'll find cows and chickens.
- 819 If you have cows you have to get up early to do the milking.
- 820 Tractors have revolutionized farming.
- 821 In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.
- 822 Factories employ both male and female workers.
- 823 If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
- 824 Is meat packing a big industry in your country?
- 825 Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?

INTONATION

811	Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow very well here.
812	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise cattle.
813	The ground around here is stony and not very good for farming.
814	What are the principal farm products in this region?
815	Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
816	They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.
817	At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.
818	On many farms you'll find cows and chickens.
819	If you have cows you have to get up early to do the milking.
820	Tractors have revolutionized farming.
821	In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.
822	Factories employ both male and female workers.
823	If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
824	Is meat packing a big industry in your country?
825	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry

VERB STUDY

1. grow

- a. Because of the warm climate, oranges grow very well here.
- b. I used to see a lot of oranges growing here, but I don't anymore.
- c. Last year the farmer grew corn on this land. I don't know what he'll grow this year.
- d. If your land had been fertile, you could have grown tobacco.

2. raise

- a. In this flat country people raise cattle.
- b. I'm raising chickens this year.
- c. Mr. Cooper raises cattle on his farm, doesn't he?
- d. I've often raised chickens, but I've never raised pigs.

be shipped

- a. Milk, butter and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
- b. The books you want were shipped to you three months ago.
- c. If the books had been shipped several months ago, I would have gotten them by now.

4. cut down

- a. They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.
- b. They're cutting down all the trees in this area.
- c. Who cut this tree down? Do you know?
- d. If I had cut that tree down, I would have told you about it.

5. plow

- a. At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.
- b. He always plows his fields in September or October.
- c. I wish I had finished plowing the fields this morning.

6. revolutionize

- a. Tractors have revolutionized farming.
- b. The new tractors are revolutionizing farming around here.
- c. Modern machinery has revolutionized industry.

7. employ

- a. Factories employ both male and female workers.
- b. This company employs ten people.
- c. If they had employed me, I would have worked hard.

8. punch (a clock)

- a. If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
- b. What time did you punch the clock this morning?
- c. As soon as he got to work this morning, he punched the clock.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Because of the warm and sunny weather,

oranges lemons cotton and peanuts tobacco and rice fruits grow very well here.

2. In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise

cattle
pigs
sheep
chickens
thoroughbreds

3. The ground around here is

stony swamp land mostly clay rocky

and not very good for farming.

4. What are the principal

farm products crops natural resources

minerals

in this region?

5. Milk, butter and cheese are

shipped brought in transported flown here from the dairy farms.

6. They had to

cut down a lot of trees clear a lot of land burn a lot of underbrush work for many years to make room for farms.

7. At this time of the year, farmers

plow their fields
cultivate their lands
plant their fields
harvest their crops
get ready for the autumn harvest

8. On many farms you'll find

cows and chickens livestock pet dogs and cats modern farm equipment

9. If you have

livestock crops you have to get up early to do the

milking feeding plowing

10. Tractors

Modern farm implements Milkers Binders and threshers Hay loaders and reapers Feed grinders have revolutionized farming.

11. In the United States, there are many factories

for making

cloth automobiles furniture leather goods steel appliances

12. Factories

employ give jobs to have work for both male and female workers.

13. If you work in a factory, you usually have to

punch a clock carry a lunch to work get to work on time work five days a week

14. Is meat packing food processing fishing fish canning

a big industry in your country?

15. Is it true that the manufacturing of

automobiles airplanes clothing furniture

is a major industry?

READING



Farms and Factories

The Jensens are a typical American farm family. Mr. and Mrs. Jensen came from Norway many years ago and settled on a dairy farm in Minnesota. Their four children grew up there. The two boys, Olaf and Carl, helped their father take care of the farm. They plowed and planted the fields, harvested the crops and milked the cows. The daughters, Inga and Sigrid, helped their mother with the housework. There was always a lot to do and the whole family worked very hard.

Today Mr. and Mrs. Jensen are old and cannot work as hard as they did when they were younger. Their son Olaf runs the farm now and his wife and children help him. The work is not as hard now as it used to be. Olaf has bought several machines which do many of the things formerly done by hand.

The other three children have moved away. Sigrid married a farmer and lives nearby. Carl is living in Minneapolis where he has a good job as manager of a factory which makes dairy products. Some of the milk used by the factory comes from Olaf Jensen's farm. Inga went to the State University and is now teaching in a high school in St. Paul.

The story of the Jensens is not unusual. Although life on the farm has changed a great deal, farming is still a necessary and very important occupation. However, city life attracts young people like Carl and Inga Jensen. Every year many of them leave the farms and take jobs in the many factories which are located in or near large cities.

Questions

- Describe the Jensen family.
- 2. What are some of the things that farmers do?
- 3. Do all of the Jensens still live on the farm?
- What important products are made from milk?
- 5. Why is farming important?
- Which do you prefer, farm life or city life? Why?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I want to buy a farm. I think I'd like to grow wheat. Is the ground here good for that?

Yes, I work only five days a week. But farming isn't so hard any longer, is it? Haven't tractors, reapers and other farm equipment revolutionized farming?

Yes, I do enjoy hard work. For years I have worked in a factory and punched a clock at the same time each day. Now I want to be a farmer. Don't you think farming is a wonderful life?

No, I've never owned a farm. I work in an automobile factory. Have you ever worked in a factory?

I don't mind getting up early each morning. I just want to get away from the factory. How nice it would be to raise cows and chickens or grow wheat and corn. Is your farm for sale?

Yes, we employ both males and females. Many of the women work as secretaries and clerks. Do you think farming is hard work?

STUDENT B

Yes, farming is very hard work. Plowing, planting, and harvesting mean long hours almost every day of the year. You work only five days a week, don't you?

Perhaps farming is a wonderful life, if you have warm and sunny weather and flat fertile land. But you have to get up at dawn each morning. You like to get up early, don't you?

Yes, modern farm equipment has revolutionized farming. But the farmer still must cut down trees, clear a lot of land and cultivate the soil. Do you enjoy hard work?

Yes, my farm is for sale. You can have it at a very low price. I'm going to the city to get a job in a factory and work only five days a week!

No, the ground here isn't good for wheat. The soil is too rocky. It isn't good for farming at all. You've never owned a farm, have you?

No, I've never worked in a factory, but many of my friends have. Your factory employs both male and female workers, doesn't it?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Conditional Sentence Patterns

1. Conditional clauses with if and unless

Pattern A: Real Conditions

fertile,	it is good for farming.				
fertile,	it isn't good for farming.				
,	It is it good for rathing.				
•	you can grow tobacco.				
•	you can grow tooder				
	and tobage				
	you can't grow tobacco.				
cold,					
your land,	you will have good crops.				
your land,	you won't have good crops.				
your land,	you won't have good ereps				
	fertile, fertile, hilly, warm, warm, cold, your land, your land,				

Pattern B: Unreal Conditions

I dittorib by contract		
If the ground were	fertile,	it would be good for farming.
If the ground weren't	fertile,	(seeming
Unless the ground were	fertile,	it wouldn't be good for farming.
If the ground were	stony,	(
If the weather were	warm,	you could grow tobacco.
If the weather weren't	warm,	
Unless the weather were	warm,	you couldn't grow tobacco.
If the weather were	cold,	
If you cultivated	your land	, you would have good crops.
If you didn't cultivate		
Unless you cultivated	your land	you wouldn't have good crops.

Pattern C: Unreal Conditions___nast

Pattern C: Unreal Conditions—p		
If the ground had been fertile, If the ground had been stony,	it would have been it wouldn't have been	good for farming. good for farming.
If the weather had been warm, If the weather had been cold,	you could have grown you couldn't have grown	tobacco.
If you had cultivated your land If you hadn't cultivated your land	you would have had , you wouldn't have ha	good crops. d good crops.

2. Comparison—Simple statement and sentence pattern with the verb wish

I wish I wish	I work I worked I had worked	five days a week. only three days a week. only three days a week last year.
I wish I wish	I get I got I had gotten	to work late once in a while. to work on time every day. to work on time yesterday.
I wish I wish	I have to I didn't have to I hadn't had to	work in a factory. work in a factory every day. work in a factory last year.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position and make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

(2)

1. If the ground is fertile, it is good for farming.

- a. if the ground were fertile (1)
 - b. if the ground had been fertile (1)
 - c. you would have had good crops (2)
 - d. you would have good crops (2)
 - e. you will have good crops (2)
 - f. if you cultivate your land (1)
 - g. if you cultivated your land (1)
 - h. if you had cultivated your land (1)
 - i. you could have grown tobacco (2)
 - j. you could grow tobacco (2)
 - k. you can grow tobacco (2)
 - l. if the weather is warm (1)
 - m, if the weather were warm (1) n. if the weather had been warm (1)

- If the ground were fertile, it would be good for farming.
- If the ground had been fertile, it would have been good for farming.
- If the ground had been fertile, you would have had good crops.
- If the ground were fertile, you would have good crops.
- If the ground is fertile, you will have good crops.



(1)(2)Unless you cultivate your land, you won't have good crops. a. unless you cultivated your Unless you cultivated your land, land, (1) you wouldn't have good crops. b. if you hadn't cultivated your If you hadn't cultivated your land, land, (1)you wouldn't have had good crops. c. it wouldn't have been good If you hadn't cultivated your land, for farming (2) it wouldn't have been good for farming. d. it wouldn't be good for If you didn't cultivate your land, it farming (2) wouldn't be good for farming. e. it won't be good for farm- If you don't cultivate your land, ing (2) it won't be good for farming. f. unless the weather is warm (1) g. unless the weather were warm (1) h. if the weather hadn't heen warm (1) i. you couldn't have grown tobacco (2) j. you couldn't grow tobacco (2) k. you can't grow tobacco (2) l. unless the land is fertile (1) m. unless the land were fertile (1) n. if the land hadn't been fer tile (1) (1)(2)(3)I get to work on time every day. a. I wish (1) I wish I got to work on time every day. b. yesterday (3) I wish I had gotten to work on time yesterday. c. I hadn't had to work (2) I wish I hadn't had to work yesterday. d. every day (3) I wish I didn't have to work every day. e. I didn't work in a factory (2) f. last year (3) g. I could have worked on a farm (2) h. every summer (3) i. I worked only three days a week (2) last summer (3)

WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	Select the	word	or words	from	the	following	list	that	best	completes
	each of the sentences below:									

raised employed cut down plowed grown shipped manufactured milked

a. Chickens and pigs are _____ on farms.

b. Butter and cheese are _____ here from dairy farms.

c. Cows must be _____ every day.

d. Wheat and corn are ____ in this flat country.

e. Trees have to be _____ to make room for farms in the valley.

f. In the spring, the fields are _____ by the farmers.

g. Male and female workers are _____ in a factory.

h. Automobiles are _____ in industrial areas.

Pronunciation: Mark the heavily accented syllable in each of the word forms below. Follow the example.

Example: opposition oppose

a. revolutionrevolutionizee. manufacturemanufactureb. transportationtransportf. employmentemployc. cultivationcultivateg. equipmentequipmentd. industryindustrializeh. productionproduce

 In each of the following groups of words, there are four words that are related and one that is not related. Select the word that does not belong.

Example: oranges, apples, pears, steak, grapefruit

a. tractors, reapers, furniture, milkers, threshers

b. automobiles, airplanes, peanuts, boats, furniture
c. meat packing, fish canning, lumbering, swimming, food processing

d. milk, wheat, butter, cheese, cream

e. cattle, pigs, chickens, corn, thoroughbreds

f. plow, cultivate, harvest, plant, manufacture

g. tobacco, peanuts, cotton, livestock, rice

h. burned, shipped, brought in, transported, flown

WORD LIST

appliance	fi
autumn	fi
because of	fe
binder	g
clay	h
cloth	h
clothing	ir
dairy	ir
equipment	1e
feed grinder	li
female	n

field
fish canning
food processing
ground
harvest
hay loader
implement
industry
lemon
livestock
male

manufacturing
meat packing
milker
mostly
peanut
pig
principal
product
reaper
rice
rocky

sheep steel swamp thoroughbred thresher tobacco tractor true underbrush wheat

Verb Forms

bring in,

brought in (p. and p. part.)

cultivate cut down,

cut down (p. and p. part.)
plant

plow punch

revolutionize

ship

transport

Expressions

do the feeding do the milking do the plowing make room (for) punch a clock

UNIT 6 HOBBIES AND INTERESTS



- 826 My hobby is collecting stamps. Do you have a hobby?
- 827 I've always thought photography would be an interesting hobby.
- 828 Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer golfing as a hobby.
- Do you have any special interests other than your job?
- 830 Learning foreign languages is just an avocation with me.
- 831 I find stamp collecting relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.
- On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by reading good books.
- 833 My cousin is a member of a drama club. He seems to enjoy acting.
- 834 He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.
- 835 I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own equipment.
- He's not a professional. He plays the piano for the fun of it.
- 837 I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one.
- The trouble with photography is that it's an expensive hobby.
- That's a rare set of coins. How long did it take you to collect them?
- 840 I started a new hobby. I got tired of working in the garden.

INTONATION

826	My hobby is collecting stamps. Do you have a hobby?
827	I've always thought photography would be an interesting hobby.
828	Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer golfing as a hobby.
829	Do you have any special interests other than your job?
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834	He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.
835	I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own equipment.
836	He's not a professional. He plays the plano for the fun of it.
837	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one.
838	The trouble with photography is that it's an expensive hobby.
839	That's a rare set of coins. How long did it take you to collect them?
840	I started a new hobby. I got tired of working in the garden.

VERB STUDY

collect

- a. How long did it take you to collect those coins?
- b. I collected them last year.
- c. John collects coins, but Henry collects stamps.
- d. I'm collecting stamps, too.

2. take (one's) mind off

- a. Stamp collecting takes my mind off my work.
- b. He needed something to take his mind off his work.
- c. His new hobby seems to be taking his mind off his work.
- d. His new hobby took his mind off his work.

3. get (one's) mind off

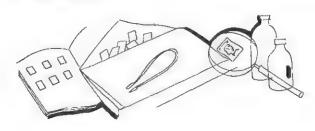
- a. On weekends I like to get my mind off my work.
- b. He got his mind off his work by reading his new book.
- c. You haven't gotten your mind off your job all evening.
- d. I'm interested in getting my mind off my work. Can you suggest a hobby?

4. start

- a. I started a new hobby last week.
- b. He's starting a new hobby this month.
- c. He always starts something and then doesn't finish it.
- d. If I had started this hobby last year, I would have collected a lot of stamps by now.

hear (of)

- a. I've heard of a lot of different hobbies.
- b. Have you ever heard of collecting stamps as a hobby?
- c. If a new stamp comes out, he hears of it immediately.
- d. If I had heard of that before, I would have remembered it.



SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. My hobby is collecting

stamps records coins butterflies books model ships

Do you have a hobby?

2. I've always thought

photography amateur radio car racing

would be an interesting hobby.

3. Some people like horseback riding,

but I prefer

golfing tennis flying croquet ping-pong model building as a hobby.

4. Do you have any special interests

other than besides in addition to

your job?

5. Learning foreign languages Studying American history Playing tennis

is just an avocation with me.

6. I find

stamp collecting private flying photography gardening

relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.

7. On weekends I like to get my mind off my

work by

reading good books working in the yard watching TV working in my basement going on camping trips

8. My cousin is a

member of a

drama riding stamp flying

club. He seems to enjoy

acting riding stamp collecting private flying

9. He plays the

piano violin organ trumpet

clarinet

for his own enjoyment.

10. I've gotten interested in

hi-fi stereo ham radio . I'm building my own equipment.

11. He's not a professional.

He plays the piano for

the fun of it his own amusement his own enjoyment pleasure fun relaxation

12. I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never

heard of

that one collecting umbrellas collecting matchboxes collecting bottle caps

13. The trouble with

photography amateur radio traveling is that it's an expensive hobby.

14. That's a rare set of

coins books diamonds stamps

. How long did it take you to collect them?

15 I started a new hobby.

I got tired of

working in the garden collecting old coins building a stamp collection

READING



Hobbies and Interests

From Monday until Friday most people are busy working or studying, but in the evenings and on weekends they are free to relax and enjoy themselves. Some watch television or go to the movies; others participate in sports. It depends on individual interests. There are many different ways to spend our spare time.

Almost everyone has some kind of hobby. It may be anything from collecting stamps to making model airplanes. Some hobbies are very expensive, but others don't cost anything at all. Some collections are worth a lot of money; others are valuable only to their owners.

I know a man who has a coin collection worth several thousand dollars. A short time ago he bought a rare fifty-cent piece worth \$250! He was very happy about his purchase and thought the price was reasonable. On the other hand, my youngest brother collects match boxes. He has almost 600 of them but I doubt if they are worth any money. However, to my brother they are extremely valuable. Nothing makes him happier than to find a new matchbox for his collection.

That's what a hobby means, I guess. It is something we like to do in our spare time simply for the fun of it. The value in dollars is not important, but the pleasure it gives us is.

Questions

- 1. What is a hobby?
- 2. Name three types of hobbies.
- 3. Is a hobby expensive?
- 4. Why is a hobby important?
- 5. Do you have a hobby? What is it?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

My doctor says I need an outside interest to get my mind off my work. Can you suggest a hobby?

No, I've never had a stamp collection. But it takes a long time to build a good stamp collection, doesn't it?

Yes, I am interested in sports. I want something I can do on weekends. Do you think golf or tennis would take my mind off my job?

No, I don't want to buy expensive equipment. I just want an avocation that is relaxing and enjoyable. Do you think collecting umbrellas would be interesting?

Yes, my job is very tiring. I'm a professional photographer of movie stars. Wouldn't that tire you out?

Yes, I play the clarinet and the violin, but I want to do something different. What is your hobby?

STUDENT B

My hobby is stamp collecting. I've just started collecting stamps and it's a lot of fun. Have you ever had a stamp collection?

Yes, I think they would. Golf and tennis are very enjoyable, but they can be tiring. Is your job very tiring?

Yes, building a good collection takes a long time, but a rare set of stamps can be very valuable. I can see that you're not interested in stamp collecting, but how about sports?

No, taking pictures of movie stars wouldn't tire me out at all. Your profession would make a good hobby for me.

Yes, I can suggest a hobby. Electronics might be fun, but you don't want a hobby that requires a lot of expensive equipment, do you?

Collecting umbrellas! I've heard of a lot of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one. You don't play a musical instrument, do you?



GRAMMAR REVIEW

Sentence Patterns with Noun Clauses and Phrases

1. Questions and statements using noun clauses

```
Noun Clause: (that + Subject + Verb + Complement)
                                            an interesting hobby?
                                 is
                        it
 Do you believe (that)
                                            relaxing?
                                 is
 Do you think (that)
                      it
                                            expensive.
                                 is
                      it
                (that)
 I know
                                            a camera.
                                 have
               (that)
                       you
 I imagine
                                 will enjoy
                                            this hobby.
                (that)
                        you
 I hope
                                            your mind off your work.
                        hobbies can take
                (that)
 I guess
```

Comparison of simple question pattern with questions and statements using included clauses

Pattern A: Included Clause: (question word + verb + complement)

What would be an interesting hobby?

what would be an interesting hobby?

Who can build his own hi-fi?

who can build his own hi-fi?

Which hobby is the most expensive?

which hobby is the most expensive.

Pattern B: Included Clause: (question word + subject + verb + complement) collected? How many have you have collected. you He'd like to know how many cost? How much does it iŕ costs. Ask him how much How could anyone go camping? anyone could go camping. I can't understand how stereo? What is stereo is. Please explain what collect umbrellas? Why does he collects umbrellas? he Can you tell me why

3. Questions and statements using noun phrases (question word + to + verb + complement)

I don't know	where	to buy	rare coins.
Do you understand	how	to build	hi-fi equipment?
I found out	who(m)	to ask	about gardening.
Will you advise me	when	to go	camping?
Did he let you know	how often	to practice	the piano?
I haven't decided	what	to collect	as my hobby.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentence as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples.

(1) (2) (3)
1. Does he believe photography is an interesting hobby?

- a. Negative Question
 - b. relaxing (3)
 - c. Negative Statement
 - d. Affirmative Statement
 - e. they think (1)
 - f. too expensive (3)
 - g. Question
 - h. hi-fi (2)
 - i. Negative Question
 - j. Negative Statement
 - k. we don't imagine (1)
 - 1. Affirmative Statement
 - m. coin collecting (2)
 - n. an interesting hobby (3)

Doesn't he believe photography is an interesting hobby?

Doesn't he believe photography is relaxing?

He doesn't believe photography is relaxing.

He believes photography is relax-

They think photography is relaxing.



	(1) (2)	(3)
2.	-	 Which hobby is the management 	ost expensive?
	a.	did you find out (1)	Did you find out which hobby is the most expensive?
	b.	what would be (2)	Did you find out what would be the most expensive?
	c.	an interesting hobby (3)	Did you find out what would be an interesting hobby?
	d.	Simple Question with what (item 2 + item 3)	What would be an interesting hobby
	f.	please tell me (1) who has (2) Simple Question with who	Please tell me what would be an interesting hobby.
	h. i.	his own hi-fi (3) do you know (1)	
	k.	who can build (2) which student would like to	have (2)
	l. m	a rare coin collection (3) . Simple Question with which	student
	/1) (2)	
3.	(1	How many stamps have	you collected?
3.			I'd like to know how many stamps
	a.	I'd like to know (1)	you have collected.
	b.	what stereo is (2)	I'd like to know what stereo is.
		Simple Question with what (item 2 only)	What is stereo?
	d.	please tell me (1)	Please tell me what stereo is.
		how much a hi-fi costs (2)	Please tell me how much a hi-fi costs.
	f.	Simple Question with how much	How much does a hi-fi cost?
		can you tell me (1)	
	h.	why he collects umbrellas (2	2)
	i.		
	j.	I can't imagine (1)	
	k.	how many coins he has colle	ected (2)
	l.	Simple Question with how n	nany

4.	(1) (2) (3) Do you know where to buy rare coins?
	a. can you tell me (1) Can you tell me where to buy rare coins?
	b. hi-fi equipment (3) Can you tell me where to buy hi-fi equipment?
	c. how to build (2) Can you tell me how to build hi-fi equipment?
	d. did you learn (1) e. who to ask about (2) f. gardening (3) g. I don't know (1) h. camping (3) i. when to go (2) j. I haven't decided (1) k. where to go (2) l. on my vacation (3) m. what to do (2) n. for a hobby (3)
	WORD STUDY EXERCISES
1.	WORD STUDY EXERCISES Complete the following sentences using the correct noun form derived from the italicized verb. Follow the example.
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h.	I've just begun am a	collecting coi	ns. My collect	ion is small because I
i.	He is pleased to listen		set. It gives	him a great deal of
j.	I suggest that y follow my	ou go on a _, you will en	camping trip joy your vacati	this summer. If you on.
Fo	r each word in C	Column A, sel	ect a word fro	m Column B that has
	e opposite meanin			
	A		В	
a.	avocation		boring	
	rare		amateur	
	expensive		profession	
	interesting		common	
e.	professional		cheap	
a. b. c. d. e.	A hobby enjoyment tired rare dramatics		B exhausted unusual pastime acting fun	om Column B that is
	emplete the senter	nces with the	correct prepos	ition from the follow-
	with	of	as	by
	for	off	in	
a.	He plays the pia	no his	own pleasure.	
b.	That's a rare set	book	S.	
c.	The trouble	photograp	ohy is that it is	expensive.
d.	I got tired	_ building me	odel ships.	

2.

3.

76 UNIT SIX

- e. I like to get my mind ____ my work.
- f. I prefer tennis _____ a hobby.
- g. I've gotten interested ____ gardening.
- h. I've never heard ____ collecting umbrellas as a hobby.
- i. Flying is just an avocation _____ me.
- j. I relax _____ watching TV.

WORD LIST

acting drama model building amateur enjoyment organ gardening amusement other than avocation golfing photography bottle cap ham radio private flying butterfly hi-fi (high fidelity) professional camping in addition to racing clarinet match box rare croquet model

Verb

hear (of)

Expressions

relaxation stamp collection

stereo

trumpet

unusual

violin

umbrella

stamp collecting

find (something) relaxing for the fun of it get interested (in) get (one's) mind off get tired (of) take (one's) mind off

RECREATION AND UNIT SPORTS



- Baseball is my favorite sport. What's your favorite? 841
- My nephew is a baseball player. He is a catcher. 842
- When you played football, what position did you play? 843
- We played a game last night. The score was tied six-to-six. 844
- I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight. 845
- When I was on the track team, I used to run the quarter mile. 846
- I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming. 847
- My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski club. 848
- Would you be interested in going to the horse races this afternoon? 849
- The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser. 850
- Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game. 851
- Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent. 852
- This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We lifted weights. 853
- What do you do for recreation? Do you have a hobby? 854
- My muscles are sore from playing baseball. 855

INTONATION

841	Baseball is my favorite sport. What's your favorite?
842	My nephew is a baseball player. He is a catcher.
843	When you played football, what position did you play?
844	We played a game last night. The score was tied six-to-six.
845	I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight.
846	When I was on the track team, I used to run the quarter mile.
847	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming.
848	My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski club.
849	Would you be interested in going to the horse races this afternoon?
850	The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.
851	Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game.
852	Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent.
853	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We lifted weights.
854	What do you do for recreation? Do you have a hobby?
055	My muscles are sore from playing baseball

VERB STUDY

fish, go fishing

a. I like fishing. I go fishing every weekend.

- b. I fish in the Columbia River and my brother fishes in the James River.
- c. If you like to go fishing, my advice is to try the Columbia River.
- d. We went fishing early this morning, but we didn't catch anything.

2. hunt, go hunting

a. Do you like to go hunting?

b. I don't like to hunt, but my brother does.

c. We went hunting last month.

d. If you had gone hunting with me, you would have enjoyed it.

3. swim, go swimming

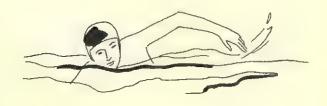
- a. I like to go swimming, but I don't like to go hunting or fishing.
- b. Do you swim in the ocean or in the lake?
- 2. Last year I planned to swim the English Channel.
- d. My sister swam three miles in ten hours.
- e. We've gone swimming three times this year.

4. lift

- a. This afternoon we went to the gym. We lifted weights.
- b. He always lifts weights at the gym.
- c. Would you mind lifting this box for me?
- d. Please lift this box for me.

5. tie, be tied

- a. The score was tied six-to-six when we stopped playing.
- b. The other team is trying to tie the score.
- c. Both teams have the same score. The score is tied.
- d. Have they tied the score yet?



SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Baseball
Basketball
Soccer
Volleyball
Football

Tennis

is my favorite sport. What's your favorite?

2. My nephew is a baseball player. He

is a	catcher pitcher
plays	first base second base third base shortstop left field

3. When you played football

baseball

basketball

, what position did you play?

4. We played a game last night.

The score was

tied six-to-six 7-to-6 in our favor 13-to-6 in their favor

5. I went to a

boxing match basketball game swimming meet

last night. It was a good

fight game meet

6. When I was on the track team, I used to

run the quarter mile hurl the javelin broad jump pole-vault

7. I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like

swimming water skiing boating hiking camping

UNIT SEVEN 81 8. My favorite club. I belong to a ski skiing winter sport is skating ice skating sports sledding 9. Would you be interested this afternoon? in going to the horse races bullfight bicycle race to be a good loser 10. The hardest thing to learn is to keep score not to lose your temper rules of the game 11. Be a good sport. Play according to the regulations rules we have agreed on official rules Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent sleeping bags a kerosene lantern camping supplies 13. This afternoon we went to the gym lifted weights for a workout. We did calisthenics played basketball played handball

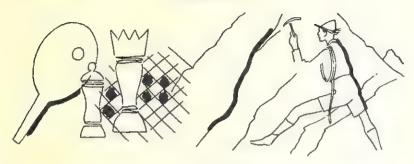
14. What do you do for recreation? Do you have

a hobby an avocation any outside interests any unusual interests

15. My muscles legs leg muscles shoulders arms

are sore from playing baseball.

READING



Recreation and Sports

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" is a popular saying in the United States. Other countries have similar sayings. It is true that all of us need recreation. We cannot work all the time if we are going to maintain good health and enjoy life.

Everyone has his own way of relaxing. Perhaps the most popular way is to participate in sports. There are team sports, such as baseball, basketball, and football. There are individual sports, also, such as golf and swimming. In addition, hiking, fishing, skiing, and mountain climbing have a great attraction for people who like to be outdoors.

Not everyone who enjoys sporting events likes to participate in them. Many people prefer to be spectators, either by attending the games in person, watching them on television or listening to them on the radio. When there is an important baseball game or boxing match it is almost impossible to get tickets; everybody wants to attend.

Chess, card-playing, and dancing are forms of indoor recreation en-

joved by many people.

It doesn't matter whether we play a fast game of ping-pong, concentrate over the bridge table, or go walking through the woods on a brisk autumn afternoon. It is important for everyone to relax from time to time and enjoy some form of recreation.

Ouestions

- What is meant by the expression: "All work and no play makes Jack a duli boy"?
- 2. Why is recreation essential?
- Name three team sports.
- 4. Name two forms of indoor recreation.
- 5. What is your favorite form of recreation?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I haven't had much exercise lately. My only recreation has been watching TV or going to the movies. What do you do for recreation?

Yes, lifting weights will build muscles, but it can also make them very sore. I don't think I would care for that kind of activity. Have you ever gone to any ball games?

Yes, my favorite sport is track. I watched a track meet on TV last night. My nephew ran the quarter mile. Have you ever been on a track team?

Yes, I enjoy sleeping on the ground under the stars. It's very relaxing. If you don't use your camping equipment, will you lend it to me sometime?

Yes, team sports are fun. I enjoy watching baseball and football on TV, but I don't particularly like to play these games. Have you ever gone camping?

No, I don't like to swim very much. However, I do like to sit and fish. Do you like to go fishing?

STUDENT B

Yes, I've been to many baseball and football games and I like to play also. Team sports are very enjoyable, don't you think?

I'll be glad to lend you my camping equipment, but all this talk about exercise has made me tired. Let's go to the movies.

No, I don't care for fishing. Some of my friends like to go to a gym for a workout. Lifting weights will build arm and shoulder muscles, won't it?

For recreation, I like to play tennis in the summer. My favorite winter sport is skiing. You have a favorite sport, don't you?

I went camping just once. I had to buy a tent, sleeping bag, lantern, and other supplies. I haven't used them since. I don't like sleeping on the ground, do you?

No, I've never been on a track team. In college, I was on the swimming team. I enjoyed that. You enjoy swimming, don't you?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Special Sentence Patterns

1. Direct and Indirect Quotation

SUBJ.	+ VERB +	Indirect - Object	DIRECT OBJECT (QUOTATIONS, CLAUSE OR PHRASE)
He	said	to me,	"Baseball is my favorite sport."
He	told	me	that baseball was his favorite sport.
He	talked	to me	about baseball.
He	said	to me,	"I like hunting and fishing." that he liked hunting and fishing. about hunting and fishing.
He	told	me	
He	spoke	to me	
I	asked	him,	"What do you do for recreation?" what he did for recreation.
I	asked	him	
He He	answered, answered		"I play soccer." that he played soccer.

2. Direct and Indirect Objects

Pattern A

SUBJ.	+ Verb +	INDIRECT OBJECT	+ DIRECT OBJECT
I	asked	him	about baseball.
He	told	me	
He	taught	me	
He	brought	me	a book about baseball.
He	got	me	
He	gave	me	
He	sent	me	

Pattern B

SUBJ.	+ VERB +	DIRECT + OBJECT	INDIRECT OBJECT (PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE WITH for OR to)
He	answered	the question	for me. to me. to me. to me.
He	described	baseball	
He	read	about baseball	
He	explained	baseball	

3. Sentence Patterns with "Two-Word" Verbs

Pattern A: Separable

He called off (canceled) the baseball game. He put off (postponed) his camping trip. I will take up (learn) water skiing. I tried out (tested) my sleeping bag. We talked over (discussed) the rules of the game	He called it off. He put it off. I will take it up. I tried it out. We talked them over.
--	--

Pattern B: Inseparable

I We	ran into (met) my friends at the gym. made sure of (verified) the score.	I ran into them. We made sure of it.
Let's	go over (review) the rules of the game. Look for (seek) my nephew at the game.	Let's go over them. Look for him.
I'm	looking forward to (anticipating) the bicycle race.	I'm looking forward to it.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentences as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples.

(1)1. He said, "Baseball is my favorite sport."

a. he told me that (1)

He told me that baseball was his favorite sport.

b. he liked hunting and fishing

(2)

He told me that he liked hunting and fishing.

c. he said, (1) + Direct
quotation (2)

He said, "I like hunting and fishing."

d. "I play soccer." (2)

e. he told me that (1)

f. he ran the quarter mile (2)

g. he said, (1) + Direct quotation (2)

h. "I went to a swimming meet." (2)

i. he told me that (1)

j. it had been a good meet (2)

k. he said (1) + Direct quotation (2)

l. "I like camping trips." (2)

m. he told me that (1)



(2) (1)(3) (4)They asked him about baseball. a. spoke (1) They spoke to him about baseball. b. to me (2) They spoke to me about baseball. c. told (1) They told me about baseball. d. Question Did they tell me about baseball? e. teach (1) f. Statement g. you (2) h. the rules of baseball (3) i. described (1) . . . to you (4) j. read (1) k. explained (1) l. baseball (3) (1)(2)talked over the baseball rules. a. them (2) We talked them over. b. made sure of (1) We made sure of them. c. the score (2) We made sure of the score. d, went over (1) We went over the score. e. it (2) We went over it. f. tried . . . out (1) We tried it out. g. the camping equipment (2) We tried out the camping equipment. h. looked for (1) i. it (2) j. looked forward to (1) k, the horse races (2) l. the baseball game (2) m. called off (1) n. it (2) o. will take . . . up (1) p. water-skiing (2)

WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	Se	elect the word that best completes the following sentences.
	Ex	comple: Baseball is the national game in the U.S. (game, flower, song)
	а.	I went to a boxing last night. (meet, game, match)
	b.	My muscles are from weight lifting. (sore, worn-out, pale)
	c.	The score was six-to-six. (cut, favored, tied)
	d.	Calisthenics are (regulations, exercises, leg muscles)
	e.	My favorite winter sport is (water-skiing, camping, ice-skating)
		When I was on the track team, I used to (race cars, play shortstop, pole-vault)
		Sleeping bags, kerosene lanterns, and a are necessary for camping. (javelin, tent, home plate)
	h.	Catcher, pitcher, and are positions on a baseball team. (halfback, shortstop, goalee)
	i.	To be a good sport means to (play by the rules, keep score, belong to a sports club)
	ĵ.	To lose your temper means (to cry, to laugh, to get angry)
2.	1000	emplete the following sentences using the correct noun form of the licized word. Follow the example.
	Exc	ample: The plane will depart very soon. Its departure will be
		My friends laughed when they watched me lift weights, but there was no reason for their
	b.	The players argued when they heard the score, but the game was over and their was useless.

88 UNIT SEVEN

- c. Let's agree to play according to the rules. This ____ will help us avoid a quarrel.
- d. He failed to get on the track team and was very unhappy at his
- e. I was very sad when my team lost the game, but my _____ did not stop me from attending the next game.
- f. You can't be too cautious when you swim underwater. Such is necessary if you are going to swim safely.
- g. The baseball team met last night at the gym. The ____ was called to discuss the game.
- h. Are you a member of a ski club? How large is the _____ of this club?

WORD LIST

base basketball boating boxing bullfight catcher field gym handball	hiking hockey hunting ice-skating kerosene lantern match meet muscle	official outside interest pitcher race recreation regulation rule shortstop skating	ski skiing sledding sleeping bag soccer tent track volleyball water-skiing workout
---	--	---	--

Verb Forms

broad jump hurl pole-vault

Expressions

be a good loser
be a good sport
be in (one's) favor
do calisthenics
go camping
hurl the javelin
keep score
lift weights
lose (one's) temper
run the quarter mile
tie the score

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES



- I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out every week. 856
- If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door. 857
- I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines. 858
- The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the magazine. 859
- I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine. Is it out yet? 860
- What's the total circulation of this newspaper? 861
- I'm looking for the classified section. Have you seen it? 862
- My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York Times staff. 863
- There was an article in today's paper about the election. 864
- There wasn't much news in the paper today. 865
- How long have you been taking this magazine? 866
- Did you read the article about the rescue of the two fishermen? 867
- Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your car? 868
- I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale. 869
- My son has a newspaper route. He delivers the morning paper. 870

INTONATION

856	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out every week.
857	If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door.
858	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.
859	The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the magazine.
860	I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine. Is it out yet?
861	What's the total circulation of this newspaper?
862	I'm looking for the classified section. Have you seen it?
863	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York Times staff.
864	There was an article in today's paper about the election.
865	There wasn't much news in the paper today.
866	How long have you been taking this magazine?
867	Did you read the article about the rescue of the two fishermen?
868	Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your car?
869	I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale.
870	My son has a newspaper route. He delivers the morning paper.

VERB STUDY

1. send in

- a. I sent in a subscription to that magazine.
- b. When are you going to send your subscription in?
- c. He sends in his subscription to the same magazine every year.
- d. I'm sending in a subscription to my favorite magazine.

2, subscribe (to)

- a. If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door.
- b. I subscribed to the paper last week.
- c. If you had subscribed to the paper, it would have been delivered to you every day.
- d. I'm subscribing to the paper so it will be delivered to my door every morning.

3. glance (at)

- a. I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.
- b. She glances at the headlines before she goes to work.
- c. After we had glanced at the headlines, we went to work.
- d. I'm glancing at the headlines now.

4. sell

- a. Why don't you put an ad in the paper to sell your car?
- b. I already sold my car. I sold it last week.
- c. She sells her old car each year and gets a new one.
- d. I'm selling my old phonograph and radio.

5. publish, put out

- a. This newspaper is published every day.
- b. Some magazines are put out every week, and others are published once a month.
- c. He decided against publishing his novel at this time.
- d. That's a large publishing company. They've put out many books on education.



SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. I sent in a subscription to that magazine.

It's

put out published released

printed issued every week.

2. If you subscribe to the newspaper,

it'll be

delivered to left at dropped off at

brought to

your door.

3. I didn't read the whole paper.

I just glanced at the

headlines sports page front page comic strips editorial society page comics

4. The first

chapter installment part of the story is in this issue of the magazine.

5. I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine.

Is it

out yet on the newsstands out already on sale now 6. What's the total circulation of this

newspaper publication weekly magazine iournal newsletter

7. I'm looking for the

classified amusement business book review editorial

section. Have you seen it?

8. My brother-in-law is a

reporter copy editor feature writer linotype operator on The New York Times staff.

9. There was an article in today's paper about the

election flood earthquake bank robbery disaster at sea

10. There wasn't much news

in the paper today on the radio this morning on TV tonight in the press release this afternoon

94 UNIT EIGHT

11. How long have you been

taking subscribing to getting receiving reading this magazine?

12. Did you read the article about

the rescue of the two fishermen the forest fire in Virginia the pedestrian that was killed New Year celebrations

 Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your

car phonograph lawn furniture

14. I got four

replies responses answers

to my ad about the bicycle for sale.

15. My son has a

newspaper route part-time job job after school job on Saturdays . He delivers the morning paper.

READING



Newspapers and Magazines

The American humorist, Will Rogers, used to say, "All I know is what I read in the newspapers". This was an exaggeration for humorous purposes, but it is true that newspapers are an important source of information. Many people begin their day by reading the paper. In this way they learn what is going on in the world. Sometimes, however, they don't have time to read the news carefully and must be satisfied with a quick look at the front page; at other times they may be in such a hurry that they have time only to glance at the headlines.

There are newspapers to satisfy every reader. In the big cities there are many types of papers, with several different editions every day. In small towns there are fewer newspapers and perhaps only one edition each day. In some areas the paper is printed weekly.

Most newspapers have several sections, especially on Sundays when

the edition is larger than usual. There are, in addition to the front page with the most important news, the sports section, the society page, the comics, the amusement section, a business page, and the editorials.

Another type of publication which helps keep the population informed is the magazine. Some magazines are published weekly; others are put out monthly. There are news magazines, literary magazines, and magazines for such special interests as photography, sports, art, and music. Some are primarily for men, others for women, and there is a selection of children and the limited States. selection of children's magazines, too. In the United States, there are publications for every taste and interest.

Questions

- 1. What is the function of a newspaper?
- 2. Why is a newspaper important?
- 3. Name three sections of a newspaper.
- 4. What is the purpose of headlines?
- 5. Name three types of magazines.
- 6. What magazines do you read? What newspapers do you read?



PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I have subscriptions to two newspapers. One is put out in the morning and the other is published in the afternoon. Do you subscribe to any papers?

No, I don't read the entire paper, just the parts that interest me. I glance at the headlines, but I carefully read the sports page and the business section. Do you read those?

Yes, I read that article about the earthquake. That was a terrible disaster. So many people were killed! Do you think newspapers should print stories like that?

Yes, I suppose disasters are news, too. It just seems to me that newspapers would be more pleasant to read if they had a larger society section and more comic strips. Don't you like to read articles about celebrations and happy events?

I'm sure they do need a large circulation. Of course, much of a newspaper's income comes from advertisements. Have you ever put an ad in the paper?

Yes, it is nice to have the papers dropped off at my door each day. That way I'm sure not to miss any of my favorite sections. Doesn't the size of the daily paper surprise you?

STUDENT B

Yes, I once put an ad in to sell my lawn furniture. I sold it very quickly. But a newspaper is more than just ads. I try to read the whole paper, don't you?

Certainly they should! Newspapers must print stories about disasters. They're part of the news of the day and people' want to read about them. Don't you agree?

Yes, the size certainly does surprise me. The newspaper staff—the reporters, writers, editors, and linotype operators—must be busy continuously. They need a large circulation to support such a staff, don't they?

No, I don't subscribe to any newspapers. I buy my papers at the newsstand. But it's nice to have a newspaper delivered to your door each day, isn't it?

Yes, I enjoy reading about celebrations. But since you don't like to read unhappy news, why do you subscribe to two newspapers? If I were you, I wouldn't read a newspaper at all.

No, I'm not very interested in sports or business, but I do read the editorials and the news section. You saw the article about the earthquake in Japan, didn't you?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Descriptive and Comparative Structures

1. Intensifiers

This newspaper is This newspaper is This newspaper is	very large. large enough too large	to include many sections. to be read in one half hour.
This news article is This news article is This news article is	very important. important enough too important	to be on the front page. to be glanced at.

2. Comparative Phrases

Is a reporter A reporter is A reporter is	the same as like different from	a news writer? a feature writer a linotype operator.
---	---------------------------------------	--

3. Comparisons of Similarity

a. nouns

The morning paper isn't	the same size as	the Sunday paper.
My con delivers the newspapers	the same price as at the same time as at the same speed as	the other boys.

b. adjectives

Is this issue of the magazine	as good as as interesting as	the last one?
The morning paper isn't	as large as as thick as as expensive as	the Sunday paper.

c. adverbs		
My son delivers the newspapers	as early as as fast as as rapidly as	the other boys.
A monthly magazine isn't published I read the editorial page	as often as as carefully as	a weekly magazine. the news section.

98 UNIT EIGHT

4. Comparisons of Difference (comparing two objects or people)

a. adjectives

Is this issue of the magazine	better than more interesting than	the last one?
The Sunday paper is	larger than thicker than more expensive than	the morning paper.

b. adverbs

3. <u></u> 1-1-1-1		
MA 2011 dettacts the me Lab	faster than more rapidly than	the other boys.
Isn't a weekly magazine published	(oftener than)	a monthly magazine?
I read the editorial page	more carefully than	the amusement section.

5. Comparisons of Difference (comparing one object or person within a group with the group as a whole)

a. adjectives

This issue of the magazine is	the best (of all the issues I've read). the most interesting.
Is the Sunday edition	the largest (of all the editions)? the most expensive?
My son is This is	the fastest newsboy of all. the latest issue of the magazine.

b. adverbs

the earliest. the fastest. the most rapidly.
the most often?
the most carefully?

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentences as indicated in the cue. Make any other necessary changes. Follow the examples.

(4)(3)(2)large. very This newspaper

a. too (2)

b. Negative Statement

c. enough (4)

d. the classified section (1)

This newspaper is too large. This newspaper isn't too large.

This newspaper isn't large enough.

The classified section isn't large enough.

e. Negative Question

f. too (2)

g. long (3)

h. the editorial (1)

i. Affirmative Question

i. enough (4)

k. very (2)

L. Statement

(3)(2)the same size as the morning paper. (1)

2. The evening newspaper

a. the same price as (2)

b. as good as (2)

c. Question

d. the Sunday paper (1)

The evening newspaper is the same price as the morning paper.

The evening newspaper is as good as the morning paper.

Is the evening newspaper as good as the morning paper?

Is the Sunday paper as good as the morning paper?

e. thicker than (2)

f. Statement

g. more expensive than (2)

h. better than (2)

i. Negative Statement

j. the same price as (2)

k. the other editions (3)

	((1)	(2)			(3)		(4)
3.	He	reads	the business	section	more	carefully	than	the amuse-
							n	nent section.
	a.	the sp	orts page (4)					more care-
	ħ.	as ran	oidly as (3)	Не тезо	le the l	e sports pa	ge.	as rapidly <mark>as</mark>
		an rap	nury us (5)		orts pa		cuon a	as rapially
	С.	Quest	tion	Does he	read t	he business	s section	on as rapidly
						page?		
			ews section (4)		-	1 0		
	е.	the ed	ditorial page (2)					
	f.	as car	refully as (3)					
	g.	more	carefully than (:	3)				
	h.	State	ment					
		I read						
	j.	the h	eadlines (2)					
	k.	more	rapidly than (3))				
		(1	()	2)	((3)		
4.	W	hich n	nagazine is pub	lished	the mo	et often?		
	a.	everv	week (3)	XX/1-1-1	the me	or orien!		wek?
	b.	do vo	u read (2)	Which	magazi	ne is publ	ished	every week?
	c.	which	section of the	TT THEFT	III agazı	ne do vou	wand	every Wood
		newsi	paper (1)	rr nich	section	of the r	iewsp	aper do you
	d.	the m	ost carefully (3)	read	every	week?		
	e.	the jo	astest (3)					
	f.	which	newspaper (1)					
	g.	is del	ivered (2)				/	SPORTS
	h.	the ed	arliest (3)					Matte !
	i.	the m	norning newspap	er (1) 0			7	
	j.	is pul	blished (2)	er (1) 2	tateme	nt //	1	
	k.	every	day (3)			/ 6		
						/ 5		
							7 7	TUNE
						/	RU	4 1
				M M IN	QUIRER	-		
			I she dream		7 V361			

WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	The syllables "mis-", "un-", "dis-", and "in-" can be attached to the beginnings of words to give them negative meanings. Complete the sentences below using the word in parentheses by adding the syllable "mis-", "un-", "dis-", or "in-" to the beginning of the word. Example: Your story doesn't sound true. It is unbelievable. (believable)			
	a. I don't like this magazine. I'm going to my subscription. (continue)			
	b. The New York Times is a good newspaper. It seldom the people. (informs)			
	c. The reporter and the editor had an argument. They about a news article. (agreed)			
	d. I can't find the sports section. I must have it. (placed)			
	e. The headlines were not correct. They were (accurate)			
	f. I have my newspaper delivered now because I found it to buy it at the newsstand. (convenient)			
	g. I was not happy when I read the headlines. I was			
	h. The linotype operator doesn't make many mistakes. He seldom a word. (spells)			
•	Complete the following sentences by filling in the blanks with the			
2.	appropriate word from the list below.			
	classified section amusement section editorial page back ravious section headlines society page comic strips sports page			
	a If I'm interested in the latest social news, I will read the			
	b. If I want to know what is playing at the movies, I will read the			

102 UNIT EIGHT

- c. If I want to find a job, I will read the _____.
- d. If I want to see who won the ball game, I will read the
- e. If I am in a hurry, I will glance at the _____.
- f. If I want an editor's opinion about the news, I will read the _____.
- g. If I want to know what novels have been published lately, I will read the _____.
- h. If I want to see the cartoons, I will read the _____.

WORD LIST

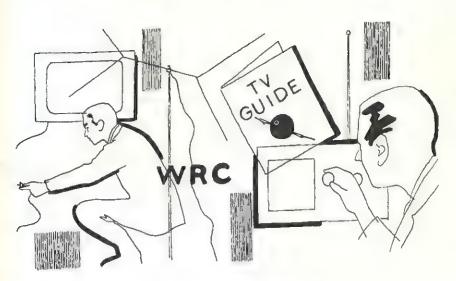
Verb Forms

drop off
issue
kill
print
publish
put out, put out (p. and p. part.)
release
send in, sent in (p. and p. part.)
subscribe (to)

Expressions

put out a publication take a magazine

RADIO AND UNIT TELEVISION



- What channel did you watch on television last night? 871
- I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's something wrong. 872
- You get good reception on your radio. 873
- Please turn the radio up. It's too low. 874
- What's on following the news and weather? Do you have a TV guide 875
- You ought to have Bill look at your TV. Maybe he could fix it. 876
- We met one of the engineers over at the television station. 877
- Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
- I couldn't hear the program because there was too much static. 878 879
- Your car radio works very well. What kind is it? 880
- The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a portable model. 881
- I wonder if this is a local broadcast. 288
- You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna. 883
- Most amateur radio operators build their own equipment. 884
- Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two hours ago. 885

INTONATION

871	What channel did you watch on television last night?
872	I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's something wrong.
873	You get good reception on your radio.
874	Please turn the radio up. It's too low.
875	What's on following the news and weather? Do you have a TV guide
876	You ought to have Bill look at your TV. May be he could fix it.
877	We met one of the engineers over at the television station.
878	Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
879	I couldn't hear the program because there was too much static.
880	Your car radio works very well. What kind is it?
881	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a portable model.
882	I wonder if this is a local broadcast.
883	You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna.
884	Most amateur radio operators build their own equipment.
885	Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two hours ago.

VERB STUDY

1. turn up

- a. I can't hear the radio. Please turn it up.
- b. I'm turning the radio up because it's too low.
- c. If you had turned up the radio, I would have been able to listen to the news.

2. fix

- a. You ought to have Bill look at your radio. Maybe he could fix it.
- b. My radio isn't broken anymore. It's already been fixed.
- c. He's fixing my radio now. Then he'll repair my TV set.
- d. Who fixed your radio? You get excellent reception now.

3. meet

- a. We met one of the engineers over at the television station.
- b. We're meeting the engineer this afternoon at 5 o'clock.
- c. I've met several people over at the television station.

4. plug in

- a. Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
- b. He plugs in his radio here, and his TV in the other outlet.
- c. As soon as I plugged in the TV set, all the lights in the house went out.
- d Your radio didn't work because it wasn't plugged in.

5. sign off

- a. The radio station signed off two hours ago.
- b. They're signing off right now. They always sign off at midnight.
- c. What time does WRC sign off?
- d. When I turned on the radio, they were just signing off.

6. work

- a. Your car radio works very well. What kind is it?
- b. My portable radio isn't working very well. There's too much
- c. My TV set has been working fine ever since Bill fixed it.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

- I. What channel station frequency did you watch listen to tune in to channel station frequency last night?
- 2. I don't get a good picture many channels a clear picture any picture much volume on my TV set. There's something wrong.
- 3. You get good reception a lot of stations
 FM stations
 a lot of AM stations
- 4. Please turn the radio up down off low high noisy
- 5. What's on following the news and weather sports feature quiz program mystery show?

 Output

 Program

 Outp
- 6. You ought to have Bill look at your TV.

 Maybe he could fix it can find out what's wrong can repair it
- 7. We met one of the engineers cameramen newscasters announcers
- 8. Where can I plug in the TV toaster phonograph stereo?

9. I couldn't hear the program because there was too much

static interference noise in the room

10. Your car radio works very well. What

kind make kind of radio is it?

11. The next time I buy a TV set,

I'm going to buy a

portable model console model color set transistorized set 21-inch picture tube larger screen

12. I wonder if this is a

local broadcast recorded program live program network show

13. You'd get better TV reception if you

had an outside antenna lived closer to the station had a better TV set had a more powerful set

14. Most amateur radio operators build their own

equipment transmitters receivers stations

15. Station WRC is

off the air on the air broadcasting now. They

signed off came on started

ham gear

two hours ago.

Radio and Television

There are few homes in the United States today that do not have either a radio or television set. Both of them have become an essential part of our daily life, keeping us informed of the news of the day, instructing us in many fields of interest, and entertaining us with singing, dancing, and acting.

Marconi, the Italian inventor who gave us the radio, probably didn't realize what effects his great invention would have on the world in the years to come. Radio has, perhaps, had as much influence on the world as any other communications device. Events of universal interest can be reported to the entire globe a few seconds after they happen. Explorers in remote areas, ships at sea, even astronauts circling the earth are able to keep in touch with civilization by means of radio.

Television is another major instrument of communication, permitting us to see as well as to hear the performer. Since its appearance, TV has had a tremendous effect on the daily life of people everywhere.

Improvements of all kinds are constantly being made in television so that reception will be as close to perfect as possible. Many programs are now televised in color.

Perhaps the most recent advancement of significance has been "Telstar." This specially-equipped space capsule, orbiting the globe, makes it possible for the entire world to be closer than ever before. Now a family in Chicago can watch on TV an auto race in Italy, a ski tournament in Norway, or a parade in Japan as these events are actually happening!

Ouestions

- Who invented the radio?
- 2. Mention three uses of radio and television,
- 3. What is "Telstar"? Why is it important?
- 4. Do you listen to the radio? What type of program do you prefer?
- 5. Do you watch television? What type of program do you like best?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

STUDENT A

I just bought a new radio. Do you have one?

No, I haven't had any trouble with my set. Perhaps Ed can fix your radio. He's an electrical engineer, you know. Do you want his telephone number?

No, I don't get any static on my set. But you don't have a console model that has to be plugged in an electrical outlet. You have a portable, so I don't see how your neighbor's stereo can cause you trouble. Do you think your tubes are wearing out?

Yes, I often listen to the radio from the time the network stations come on the air until they sign off. Do you get good reception on your radio?

No, I don't have a TV set, but my brother has one with a 21-inch picture tube. I often visit him and watch the sports programs and the news shows. What kind of TV do you want to buy?

Yes, it is enjoyable. I get good reception on my radio. It's a transistor set. What kind of radio do you have?

STUDENT B

My radio is a portable set, too, but I get both AM and FM stations on it. I listen to the radio a lot, don't you?

No, I haven't been getting good reception lately. There's something wrong with the set. You haven't had any trouble with your set, have you?

No, thanks, I have his phone number. Anyway, I know what's wrong with it. When my neighbor plays his stereo, I can't hear the radio programs because there is too much static. That hasn't happened to you, has it?

I want to buy a TV with a larger screen than your brother has. I need a more powerful set to overcome my neighbor's stereo. Then he can worry about the static from my TV set.

Oh, yes, I have a radio. I've had one for several years. Listening to the radio is very enjoyable, isn't it?

No, I don't think my tubes are wearing out. I've just had them checked. Anyway, I don't want to spend a lot of money fixing it. I'm saving my money to buy a TV set. You don't have a TV set, do you?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Patterns of Verbs

1. Verb Forms

	SUBJ. +	VERB	+ COMPLEMENT/VERB MODIFIER
PRESENT	I need I am le	ooking for	a TV set right away. a color set now.
PAST	I had		a black and white set last year.
PRESENT PERFECT	I have	had	several models during the past few years.
PAST PERFECT	I had !	had	a portable set before I pur- chased my console.
FUTURE	I am g I will	going to buy need	a color TV tomorrow. an outside antenna when I install my color TV.
CONDITIONAL	I wou	ld be	very happy if I had a color TV.

2. Special Complement Patterns

Pattern A: verb + noun + verb

He	saw watched let had made	the repairman fix the TV.
	helped	

Pattern B: verb + noun + to + verb

He	wanted asked permitted got advised	the repairman to fix the TV.
	encourage ordered	d

3. Special Verb Patterns

Pattern A: verb + base form of verb

He has to watch the news and weather.

wants to
tries to
plans to
expects to
is supposed to

Pattern B: verb +-ING form of verb

He considered watching the news and weather.
enjoyed
insisted on
kept on
finished
got through
avoided
is used to
is accustomed to

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentence as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples. (Use contractions wherever possible.)

(1) (2) (3) I. I need a TV set right away.

a last year (2) I needed a TV set last year.

a. last year (3)
b. next year (3)
l'il need a TV set next year.

b. next year (3)

C. Nogative Statement

I won't need a TV set next year.

d. Negative Statement Won't I need a TV set next year?

d. Negative Question

e. Affirmative Question

Won't I need a TV set next year?

Will I need a TV set next year?

f. an outside antenna (2)

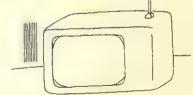
g. when I install my TV (3)

h. Statement

i. am going to buy (1)

j. now (3)

k. a color TV (2)



(1)

2.	He saw the repairman fix	x the TV.
	b. permitted He permitte	the repairman to fix the TV. ed the repairman to fix the TV. mit the repairman to fix the TV?
	d. let j. e. Statement k. f. made l. g. advised m. h. ordered n.	Question ask have Statement watched helped
3.	(1) He has to watch the ne	(2) was and weather.
	a. wants to (1) b. the quiz program (2) c. enjoys (1) d. expects to (1) e. insisted on (1) f. the sports feature (2) g. plans to (1) h. has to (1) i. considered (1) j. finished (1)	He wants to watch the news and weather. He wants to watch the quiz program. He enjoys watching the quiz program. k. mystery show (2) l. got through (1) m. tried to (1) n. intended to (1) o. kept on (1) p. avoided (1)
	WORD ST	TUDY EXERCISES
1.	Select the word that best of the word in the space provide	ompletes the following sentences. Write
	Example: A sports program (baseball, music,	features hand in
	a. You'll get better TV rece (outlet, antenna, channel	ntin. 16
	b. A TV guide is a picture tube)	(list of programs, news announcer,
	c. WWDC signed off at mid	night. The station † the air, closed for repairs)

	d.	(too loud, too l			i were	
	e.	You plug the T	V into	(an outle	t, a netwoi	rk, a broadcast
	f.	Static is	. (music,	noise, color)		
	g.	A channel is a _	(h	am radio, radio	station, I	V station)
	h.	A quiz program and answers, sp		(news t	and weath	er, questions
2.	Co	omplete the sente	nce with t	he correct prep	osition fro	om the list.
	off	out	at for	up down	to of	from with
		WRC went broadcasting.				are no longe
	b.	The radio station	n comes	the air at	6 a.m.	
		I'm accustomed morning.				
	d.	I'm in the habit	W	atching the elev	en o'cloc	k news on TV
	0	Dlease plug	the toa	ster.		
		w 2011 Lands	WOULT '	TV to see II ne	can nx n.	the Dresident's
	g.	Did you tune _	you	ir IV in time	to near	
	h.	I can't seem to	find	what's wron	ig with m	y pnonograph
	i.	Please turn the r	adio	It's too low	•	
			42 -	It's too low	U.	e one near the
	k.	I'm looking window?	an ou	itlet for my 1	, is thei	e one near an
	l.	Do you subscrib	e a	TV guide?		month?
	100	To all most r 1.1.	- man 2 fr	every week	or every	month.
	39	What kind	radio 1	s inat: 13 m a	P	
	0.	I watch the late	movie _	I v annost	0,02)	11.
	Street, Street	T	1. 1-000	11100 [110	Decrease.	
	q.	According	the wea	ather report, it	s going) faill today.
	r.	don't know wh	at's WIONS	IIIy 1 V	5001	
	S.	A portable mode	el can be n	noved	JOHN TO TO)III.
	*	W/L-43		a nows and we	ather?	

114 UNIT NINE

	plete the followi correct word from		by filling in the blan	ık spaces with
	frequency console	receive break	interference network	live
	A portable TV c	an be moved	from room to room	m. It is not
	This program is re A transmitter sen		not It does not	them.
d. A		t can be seen	only within the cit	
е. I f. Т	asked the repair	man to fix my	TV. I did not ask s station. I cannot l	
g. T	The amateur radi hat he does not in	o operator munterfere with the	st transmit on a spene commercial station	cialso
announ antenna camera channel clear console	man l requency modular ng ncy ear rence	tion)	live low make model network newscaster noise outlet outside picture picture tube portable powerful	quiz receiver reception recorded screen static station toaster transistorized transmitter volume
broader come o	verb For ast, broadcast (p. n., came on (p.),	and p. part.) come on (p.	part.)	Expressions off the air on the air

turn down

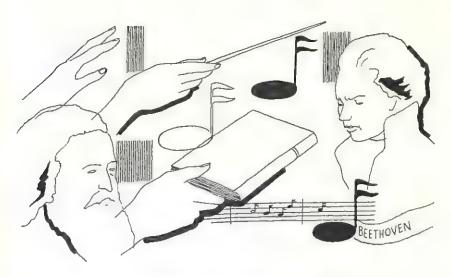
turn up

wonder

plug in sign off

tune in

UNIT 10 MUSIC AND LITERATURE



- What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like jazz? 886
- He's a composer of serious music. I like his music a lot. 887
- We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony orchestra. 888
- My brother took lessons on the trumpet for nearly ten years. 889
- You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day? 890
- I've never heard that piece before. Who wrote it? 891
- Have you ever thought about becoming a professional musician? 892
- Who is the author of this novel? 893
- I've never read a more stirring story. 894
- Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times? 895
- This poetry is realistic. I don't care for it very much. 896
- Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were alive. 897
- This is a poem about frontier life in the United States. 898
- This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings. 999
- How much do you know about the works of Henry 900 Wadsworth Longfellow?

INTONATION

886	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like jazz?
887	He's a composer of serious music. I like his music a lot.
888	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony or chestra.
889	My brother took lessons on the trumpet for nearly ten years.
890	You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?
891	I've never heard that piece before. Who wrote it?
892	Have you ever thought about becoming a professional musician?
893	Who is the author of this novel?
894	I've never read a more stirring story.
895	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?
896	This poetry is realistic. I don't care for it very much.
897	Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were alive.
898	This is a poem about frontier life in the United States.
899	This writer used vivid descriptions in his writings.
900	How much do you know about the works of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow

VERB STUDY

1. practice

- a. You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?
- My brother practices his violin an hour a day.
- c. He practiced two hours yesterday.
- d. If you want to be a professional musician, you must practice every day.

2. name

- a. Who would you name as the greatest writer of our times?
- b. They named him ambassador last week.
- c. I wonder who they will name as the poet of the year.
- d. What did they name the baby?

3, care (for)

- a. This poetry is very realistic. I don't care for it very much.
- b. I read the novel last night, but I didn't care for it at all.
- c. Do you care for this kind of music? Personally, I don't like jazz.

appreciate, be appreciated

- a. Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were
- b. How can I appreciate poetry if I don't understand it?
- c. Do you think his music was appreciated while he was alive?
- d. Thank you for helping me. I really appreciate your advice.

5. use

- a. This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.
- b. I'd like to use the piano when you're finished practicing.
- c. I didn't use your book. I have my own book.
- d. You have to use your own judgment. I can't make this decision for you.

6. accept

- a. Many people don't accept modern music because they don't
- b. I can't accept your advice in this matter. This is something I
- c. I haven't accepted his suggestion yet. I'm still considering it.

SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. What's your favorite kind of music?

Do you like

jazz popular music classical music folk songs blues

2. He's a composer of

serious music popular songs church hymns sacred music folk ballads

. I like his music a lot.

3. We went to a concert last night to hear

the symphony orchestra the U.S. Navy band a famous violinist a well-known pianist

4. My brother took lessons on the

trumpet flute clarinet trombone saxophone cello drums for nearly ten years.

5. You play the

piano organ violin harp guitar

beautifully. How much do you practice every day?

6. I've never heard that

piece composition song music melody concerto before. Who wrote it?

7. Have you ever thought of

becoming a professional musician playing in an orchestra joining a dance band playing in a string quartet giving a recital

8. Who is the author of this

novel mystery story biography short story play essay

9. I've never read a more

stirring exciting stimulating thrilling fascinating story.

10. Who would you name as the greatest

poet of our times?
writer
novelist
playwright

120 UNIT TEN

11. This poetry is

realistic unrealistic impressionistic sentimental romantic . I don't care for it very much.

12. Many great writers were not

appreciated understood accepted

fully while they were

13. This is a poem about

frontier life pioneer days rural customs city life in the United States.

14. This writer uses

vivid descriptions a lot of humor many metaphors imagination and artistry

in his writings.

 How much do you know about the works of

Henry Wadsworth Longfellow great literary figures contemporary writers

READING



Mark Twain (Samuel Langhorne Clemens) 1835-1910

No author in American literature is better known or more loved than Samuel Langhorne Clemens. Born in Missouri in 1835, he grew up on the banks of the Mississippi River and later adopted the pen name of "Mark Twain" from the call of the boatmen on the Mississippi as they measured the depth of the river. The river environment inspired the two novels which brought him his greatest fame: Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn. Another book, Life on the Mississippi, told of his adventures on the river boats of that period.

It was during the Civil War that Mark Twain's life as a writer started. At that time he was working as a newspaper man in Nevada and California. His short story, "The Celebrated Jumping Frog of Calaveras County," was an immediate success and his new career began.

In 1870, Mark Twain married Olivia Langdon. He had fallen in love with her picture even before he met her. According to his biographers, his wife had a great influence on Twain's later books.

Mark Twain was also a very successful lecturer. His travels around the country giving talks on a variety of subjects helped make him

famous and increased the sale of his books.

Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn are considered Twain's best works. They are marked by humor and satire and provide his readers with an excellent picture of his era. His last book was completed in 1909, one year before his death. He was then 74 years old.

Ouestions

- 1. Where did Mark Twain grow up?
- 2. What was his real name?
- 3. Name three of Mark Twain's writings.
- 4. How did Mark Twain fall in love with his wife?
- 5. Besides writing, what else did Mark Twain do? 6. What two books are considered Twain's best works? Why?

PARTICIPATION DRILL

The dialogs below are similar to the previous participation drills in Book Six, except that these contain two complete conversations rather than one.

- Student A: Begin conversation (1) by reading the first speech in the Student A column.
- Student B: Listen to Student A's speech. Then select and read the appropriate response from the Student B column.
- Student A: Reply to Student B with the appropriate response from the first column. (Only one response to each speech is correct.)

Continue the dialog selecting the proper responses in sequence until conversation (1) has been completed. Then follow the same procedure for conversation (2).

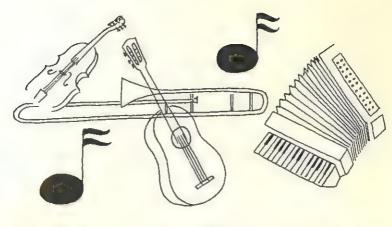
STUDENT A

- (1) I went to a concert last night to hear the symphony orchestra. They played beautifully. Do you like classical music?
- (2) I just finished reading a biography of George Washington. I've never read a more fascinating story. Have you read any biographies of Washington?
 - Yes, I do enjoy folk music. Just because I like classical music doesn't mean I don't enjoy other kinds. I like jazz and popular songs, too. Do you play a musical instrument?
 - Yes, I do like biographies better than novels, but I think I enjoy reading poetry most of all. I find a great poem fascinating because it stimulates my imagination. Do you like poetry?

Yes, I've played the piano for over fifteen years. I've given several recitals and have had my compositions performed by some well-known orchestras. Have you ever done any composing?

No, I don't understand much of the modern poetry, either. Of course, many great writers were not fully understood while they were alive. Why must a writer be dead a long time before he is appreciated?

Yes, it is stimulating to hear my compositions performed. I suppose writing anything and having it understood and accepted is satisfying. Would you like to go with me to hear the symphony orchestra?



STUDENT B

I've composed a few melodies—nothing very professional. It takes imagination and artistry to write even a short piece of music. It's thrilling to hear your music performed by famous artists, isn't it?

I like only certain kinds of poems. For me to enjoy it, a poem must be either realistic or humorous. I don't care for romantic or sentimental poetry. I don't understand the "modern" poetry of some of our contemporary writers, do you?

No, I don't care for classical music very much. I like folk songs. I find that listening to one man playing a guitar and singing folk ballads is an exciting experience. You don't care for folk songs, do you?

Yes, I'll be glad to hear the symphony orchestra. Then, when there's a recital of folk ballads, perhaps you'll go with me. In that way, I may learn to appreciate both kinds of music.

I'm not sure why many writers are not fully appreciated until long after they die. Perhaps it is because they are so far ahead of their time. Years after their death people finally accept their ideas.

Yes, I play the trumpet. At one time I even thought of becoming a professional musician and playing in a dance band. You play the piano, don't you?

Yes, I've read two biographies of Washington. Besides describing his life, they gave vivid descriptions of the frontier life in the United States. I enjoy biographies more than novels, don't you?

GRAMMAR REVIEW

Modals and Other Verb Forms with Related Meanings

1. Can/Could—to express ability or possibility

go to the concert tonight. Lean I'm able to I can't go to the concert next week. I'm not able to I couldn't go to the concert last night. wasn't able to Lcould go to the concert if I had tickets. would be able to I could have gone to the concert if I had bought tickets. couldn't have gone to the concert if I hadn't had tickets.

2. May/Might (Can/Could)—to express permission

You may borrow this novel. I've already read it.

You may not can't borrow this novel. I haven't read it yet.

You might have could have

3. Might (May)—to express possibility

You might not enjoy this poem. I know you like modern poetry.

You might not enjoy this poem if you didn't understand it. enjoy this poem if you don't understand it.

You might enjoy this poem if you understood it.

You might have enjoyed this poem if you had read it. enjoyed this poem if you hadn't understood it.

4. Will/Would—to express expectancy or suggestion

enjoy this concert if you go. You will enjoy this concert if you don't like jazz. won't enjoy this concert if you went. You would enjoy this music if you didn't like jazz. wouldn't enjoyed this concert if you had gone. You would have wouldn't have enjoyed this concert if you hadn't liked jazz.

5. Would Rather—to express preference

stay home and read tonight. I'd rather go to the theater tonight. I'd rather not read a novel than a poem. I'd rather read modern poetry. I'd rather not gone to the theater than stayed home last night. I'd rather have I'd rather not have stayed home last night.

6. Should—to express obligation or advisability

practice the piano every day if you want to be professional. You should You'd better You ought to forget to practice the piano every day. You shouldn't You'd better not You ought not to practiced the piano every day if you wanted to be You should have forgotten to practice the piano yesterday. shouldn't have

Should-to express probability or expectancy

probability of expectation concert today.
receive your tickets to the concert today.
receive your tickets to the concert yesterday.

7. Must—to express necessity

You must practice the violin before your recital.

You've got to You have to

You mustn't forget to practice the violin before your recital.

You don't have to write for your tickets. You can buy them at the

You didn't have to wait for your tickets. They arrived on time.

Must—to express assumption

You must enjoy playing the violin since you practice so often.

You must have enjoyed playing the violin since you practiced so often.

You must not have enjoyed playing the violin since you always forgot to practice.

GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words and make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

(1)(2)(3)

should practice the piano every day. 1. I

a. yesterday (3) I should have practiced the piano

yesterday. b. had to (1)

I had to practice the piano yesterday. c. Negative

I didn't have to practice the piano

yesterday. d. tomorrow (3)

I don't have to practice the piano tomorrow.

e. won't be able to (1) I won't be able to practice the piano tomorrow

f. last week (3)

g. couldn't (1)

h. next Saturday (3)

i. Affirmative

i. must (1)

k. every day (3)

l. 've got to (1)

m. before my recital (3)

n. could have (1)

p. 'd better (1) o. more often (3)

q. if I want to play well (3)

2.	You should rece	(2)	(3) the concert today. received your tickets to the
	a. yesterday (3)	concert yestere	day.
	b. must have (1)	You must have re	lav.
	c. might have (1)	You might have I	eceived your tickets to the
	d. tomorrow (3)	You might receiv tomorrow.	e your tickets to the concert
	e. enjoy (2) f. won't (1) g. if you don't like j h. wouldn't (1) i. wouldn't have (1 j. gone to (2) k. if you hadn't had)	
	(1)	(2)	
3.	I'd rather stay hon	e and read.	home and
	a. I'd rather not hav	read	not have stayed home and
	b. listened to jazz the classical music (2 c. I'd rather (1)	than c I'd rathe music	r not have listened to jazz lassical music. r listen to jazz than classical
	d. listen to folk mus	ic than popular mi	usic (2)
	e I'd rather not hal	/e (1)	
	f. practiced the pian	no so often (2)	
	g. I'd rather not (1))	
	h. read modern poe	try (2)	
	i. Pd rather (1)		
	j. read a novel than	a poem (2)	
	WI	- commov EX	ERCISES
1		- Lances USÍN	g the appropriate form of ti

Complete the following sentences using the appropri italicized word.

Example: The movie was interesting. I was interested.

a. The concert was stirring. I was _____ by the military marches.

128 UNIT TEN

	The history lecture was stimulating. The students wereto learn more about the subject.
с.	Folk songs are fascinating. I am by their unusual melodies.
d.	I just finished reading a very thrilling biography of Abraham Lincoln. I was by this account of a great man's life.
е.	The mystery story had a surprising ending. I was reallyto learn the brother-in-law did it.
f.	The story about pioneer days is very exciting. I was by the vivid descriptions of frontier life.
g.	The great composers were amazing people. I was to learn that Bach composed a long piece of music almost every week.
h.	The writings of Mark Twain are very amusing. I am by his humorous stories.
be	the following groups of words there are three words that are re- ted and one that is not related. Select the word that does not elong.
	comple: pears, apples, bananas, baseballs
	trumpet, flute, trombone, poem
b.	playwright, pianist, novelist, poet
c.	novel, hymn, folk song, symphony
	orchestra, band, essay, string quartet
e.	music, melody, metaphor, song
	stirring, exciting, thrilling, opposing
g.	contemporary, artistic, up-to-date, modern
h	biography, essay, recital, novel
i.	
j.	
,	5, comig, miorming

WORD LIST

artistry author ballad beautifully biography blues cello classical composer composition concert concerto contemporary custom drum essay

fascinating
figure
flute
folk
frontier
fully
great, greater, greatest
guitar
harp
humor
hymn

metaphor musician novelist orchestra pianist piece pioneer playwright poet poetry popular quartet realistic romantic rural sacred

saxophone sentimental short story song stimulating stirring string symphony thrilling trombone unrealistic violinist vivid well-known works writings

Verb Forms

jazz

literary

melody

imagination

impressionistic

join name practice

Expressions

be alive give a recital take lessons

WORD INDEX

TO BOOK SIX

The following is a listing of words introduced in Book Six. Each word in the listing is accompanied by the sentence in which the word was introduced in the text. The number shown in parentheses indicates the unit in which the sentence appeared.

A	and the second	
academy	He went to grade school in New York and a private academy in Chicago.	(3)
accomplish-	This nation is noted for its scientific accomplishments.	(1)
ments accurate	to the taken pride in his WOFK. He's very accurate.	(4)
acting	My cousin is a member of a drama club. The sooms to	(6)
active	enjoy acting. John has extracurricular activities. He's active in sports. John has extracurricular activities. He's on the foot-	(3)
activities	A 52 A	(3)
1	s and include to my ad about the bicycle for sale.	(8)
ad advanced		(1)
	This nation is noted for its advanced technology. The agricultural region is centered largely in the north. The agricultural region is centered largely in the air force?	(4)
agricultural	THE OWNER THOUSAND MINUTE OF COLUMN	
air force	My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. My uncle was a pilot with the airlines.	(4)
airlines	My uncle was a pilot with the arrines. Many great writers were not appreciated fully while	(10)
alive		(9)
A	You get a lot of AM stations on your radio. You get a lot of AM stations on your radio would be an inter-	(9)
AM	You get a lot of AM stations on your radio. I've always thought amateur radio would be an inter-	(6)
amateur	esting hobby.	(0)
end t	esting hobby. After a successful career in business, he was appointed	(4)
ambassador	ambassador de his	(7)
Pl man	ambassador. He's not a professional. He plays the piano for his	(6)
amusement	He's not a provincement.	(0)
Plan -	own amusement. We met one of the announcers over at the television	(9)
announcers	We met one of the	(8)
-	station. I got four answers to my ad about the bicycle for sale. I got four answers TV reception if you had an outside	(- /
answers	I got four answers TV reception if you had an outside	(9)
antenna	Varid out pelici + ' - ' +	(/ /
	antenna. In the United States, there are many factories for mak-	(5)
appliances	In the United States, the	()
	ing appliances. After a successful career in business, he was appointed	(4)
appointed	After a successful career	(1)
	ambassador. Congo in square miles?	(2)
area	The coup	(4)
arid	What's the area of the What's the area of the The land in this region is arid. The land in this region is arid. He was just promoted to	(4)
army	My brother's in the	(4)
	the rank of major.	
	VACUE OF THE PARTY	

132 WORD INDEX B

132 WORD		
article	There was an article in today's paper about the election.	(8)
artistry	This writer uses imagination and artistry in his writings.	(10)
arts	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor	
	of Arts degree.	(3)
attorney	George's father is an attorney.	(4)
author	Who is the author of this novel?	(10)
autumn	At this time of the year farmers get ready for the	(5)
average	During your first year of college did you make a B	())
	During your first year of college, did you make a B average?	(3)
avocation	Learning foreign languages is just an avocation with me.	(6)
	garages is just an avocation from	•
_		
В		
bachelor	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor	
hallada	of Arts degree.	(3)
ballads band	He's a composer of folk ballads.	(10)
secol Ita	John has extracurricular activities. He's in the school band.	(3)
base		(7)
basketball	My nephew is a baseball player. He plays first base. Basketball is my favorite sport.	(7)
beautifully	You play the piano beautifully.	(10)
because of	Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow	(, , ,
	very well here.	(5)
benefits	I have a good-paying job with many fringe benefits.	(4)
binders	and differences have revolutionized forming	(5)
biography birth	" He is the author of this biography?	(10)
blues	I ill all American by birth.	(1)
boating	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like blues?	(10)
bookkeeper	- The Assume and Hullians, Dill I don't like beeting	(/ /
•	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a bookkeeper.	(4)
bottle	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never beard of	(-,)
	collecting bottle caps.	(6)
boxing	I went to a boxing match last night The second fight	(7)
breath-taking		(2)
broadcasting	10 OLUMULANIIII DOM The A A A A A A A	1
broad in-		(9)
broad jump brother-in-law	When I was on the track team, I used to broad jump. My brother-in-law is a reporter.	(7)
- oner-madw	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York	
brought in	Milk butter and about	(8)
	Milk, butter, and cheese are brought in here from the dairy farms.	(5)
built up	John has built up his own business	(4)
bullfight	Would you be interested in going to the bullfight this afternoon?	(4)
		(7)
business	John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.	(4)
butterflies	My hobby is collecting butterflies. He owns a hotel.	(6)

С	the second way	
calisthenics	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We did calisthenics.	(7)
came on	Station WRC is on the air now. They came on two hours ago.	(9)
cameramen	We met one of the cameramen over at the television station.	(9)
camping	On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by going on camping trips.	(6)
comping	Our family went camping last summer.	(7) (5)
canning	Is fish canning a big industry in your country? This mountain range has many high peaks and deep	
canyons	canyons.	(2)
capital caps	My home is in the capital. I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of collecting bottle caps.	(6)
career	Have you ever thought about a careor in	(4)
catcher	My nephew is a baseball player. He is a determined the last the said for raising cattle?	(7)
cattle	Is the coastal plain good for labeling Today we celebrate our day of independence. Today we celebrate our day of independence.	(1)
celebrate	Today we celebrate our day of independence. Did you read the article about New Year celebrations? Did you read the article about New Year celebrations?	(0)
celebrations	Did you read the article about New Year of the My brother took lessons on the cello for nearly ten	(10)
cello	years. our population has in-	(/
census	According to the latest consus,	(1)
Center	My home is in the capital. It's and in the north.	(1)
centered (in)	It'c a heautiful country	(2) (9)
channel	tains. What channel did you watch on television last night? The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the	(8)
chapter	The first chapter of the matter mathematics,	(0)
char to	magazine. In secondary school, children study mathematics,	(3)
chemistry	whereige and chemistry	(1)
chief	tark are the chief of start a this newspaper:	(8)
circulation	What's the total circulation of this of France.	(1)
citizen	What's the total circulation of this newspaper. What's the total circulation of this newspaper. I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France. I was born in Spain, but I don't have Spanish citizenship. He teaches	. (1)
citizenship	What's the total choose a citizen of France. I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France. I was born in Spain, but I don't have Spanish citizenship I was born in Spain, but I don't have Spanish citizenship My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	(3)
civil		(6)
- 5	civil engineering. He plays the clarinet for his own enjoyment. He plays the clarinet kind of music? Do you like clas-	(0)
clarinet	He plays the clarifier for music? Do you like that	(10)
classical	He plays the clarinet for his own enjoyment. What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like clas-	,
^{class} ified	sical music:	(8)
clay	The ground around here is mostly city	(5)
	good for farming.	

134 WORD INDEX C

:lear	I don't get a clear picture on my TV set.	(9)
liffs	Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.	(2)
limate	What kind of climate do you come from?	(1)
loth	In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.	(5)
lothing	Is it true that the manufacturing of clothing is a major industry?	(5)
:oastal	Is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)
oastline	How far is it from the coastline to the foothills?	(2)
ollection	I started a new hobby. I got tired of building a stamp	
	collection.	(6)
ollege	In college I majored in science. What was your major?	(3)
comfort	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you live in comfort the whole year?	(2)
omics	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the comics.	(8)
omic strips	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the comic strips.	(8)
commencement	My sister graduated from high school. Commencement was last night.	(3)
ommerce	I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of Commerce.	(4)
ompany	John has built up his own business. He has a taxicab company.	(4)
composer	He's a composer of serious music.	(10)
composition	I've never heard that composition before.	(10)
computer	computer mathematics of the faculty. He teaches	(3)
concentrate	In secondary school, children begin to concentrate on special interests.	(3)
concert	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony orchestra,	(10)
concerto	I've never heard that concerto before.	(10)
conductor	My uncle was a conductor with the many transfer of	(4)
console	My uncle was a conductor with the railroad. The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a console model.	(4)
contemporary	sole model. How much do you know about the	(9)
	How much do you know about the works of contemporary writers?	(10)
continent	Geographically, this country is located on the continent of Europe.	
сору	My brother-in-law is a copy editor on The New York Times staff.	(2)
cosmopolitan	My home is in the conit t	(8
credentials	My home is in the capital. It's a cosmopolitan city. Do you have special credentials?	(1)
criminal	Do you have special credentials?	(3
crops	T TOTAL O AUDICI IN SICTION IN 1 1	(4
croquet	The Country Plain bond for any	(2
	Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer croquet as a hobby.	(6

aeeb	canyons. I have a Bachelor	` '
	canyons. I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor	(3)
degree	of Arts degree.	(3)
	of Arts degree. The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral	(1)
deposits	Ine country to state and	(1)
	deposits. It's a beautiful country with forests, mountains, and	
desert	It's a beautiful country	(2)
	desert. He's very devoted.	(4)
devoted	desert. He always takes pride in his work. He's very devoted. He always takes pride in his work. He's very devoted.	(3)
diploma	Do you have a high school diploma? There was an article in today's paper about the disaster	
disaster	There was an article in today of the	(8)
disaster	at sea.	(1)
10.00	at sea. Politically, the country is divided into fifty states. Politically, the country is divided into fifty states. I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Doctor of	
divided	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a	(3)
doctor	Philosophy degree.	(6)
	Philosophy degree. My cousin is a member of a drama club. My cousin is a member of a drama club. What kind of work do you do? Are you a truck driver? What kind of work to the newspaper, it'll be dropped off	(4)
drama	What kind of work do you do? Are you a truck off	
driver	What kind of work do you do? Are you a troop what kind of work do you do? Are you a troop off If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be dropped off	(8)
dropped off	If you shoot ten	(-)
_	at your door. My brother took lessons on the drums for nearly ten	(10)
drums	My brother took	(=0)
	years.	
E	What kind of grades did you make during your early	
early	What kind of grades did you man	(3)
curry	achool years?	
Donatil t	school years? There was an article in today's paper about the earth-	(8)
earthquake	There was an an an and get driet?	(2)
0-1	quake. As you travel eastward does the land get drier? As you travel eastward for its economic stability.	(1)
eastward	As you travel eastward does the land go. As you travel eastward does the land go. This nation is noted for its economic stability. This nation is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
economic		(3)
economics	This nation is noted for its economic stability. This nation is noted for its economic stability. He teaches My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	, ,
n-lts	economics. He's curricular activities. He's cuitor	(3)
editor	economics. John has extracurricular activities. He's editor of the	(-/
palia	school paper. I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the	(8)
editorial editorial	I didn't read the whole I	(-)
	editorial.	

136 WORD INDEX F

efficient	He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.	(4)
elementary		(3)
school	In elementary school, the child learns to read and write.	(3)
elections	How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec- tions?	(1)
electrical	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
	electrical engineering.	(3)
electronics	He went to grade school in New York and an elec-	
	tronics school in Chicago.	(3)
enjoyment	He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.	(6)
enter	Children enter school at the and of San Alask than?	(3)
equipment	Children enter school at the age of five, don't they?	(5)
	On many farms you'll find modern farm equipment.	(10)
essay	Who is the author of this essay?	(10)
expert	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	
	missite expert.	(4)
extracurricular	John has extracurricular activities. He's on the foot-	
	ball team.	(3)
F		
factory	John has built up his t	
,	John has built up his own business. He manages a	(4)
faculty	shoe ractory.	(4)
	My brother is a member of the faculty.	(3)
farming	is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)
farmland	The land in this region is lettile farmland	(2)
fascinating	Tyc never read a more fascinating story	(10)
favor	We played a game last night. The score was 7-to-6 in our favor.	(7)
feature		(/ /
	My brother-in-law is a feature writer on The New York Times staff.	(8)
federal	I'm a federal employee.	(4)
feed grinders	Feed grinders have	(5)
feeding	Feed grinders have revolutionized farming.	(3)
	If you have livestock you have to get up early to do the feeding.	(=)
female		(5)
fertile	Factories employ both male and female workers. The land in this region is few? I female workers.	(5)
field		(2)
fields	7 Francis G G GONELISH DISTON TITE 1 1 C. CIJ	(7)
_		(5)
figures		
_	ary figures?	(10)
fireman	My uncle was a fireman with the con-	(4)
fishermen	My uncle was a fireman with the fire department. Did you read the article about the rescue of the two fishermen?	
fishing	There are stronger t	(8)
flood	There are streams here, and fishing is important.	(2)
florist	There was an article in today's paper about the flood. John has built up his own business. The same about the flood.	(8)
flute	John has built up his own business. He is a florist. My brother took lessons on the flore.	(4)
FM	My brother took lessons on the flute for nearly ten year What frequency did you tune in the flute for nearly ten year	s. (10)
	What frequency did you tune in to on FM last night? What's your favorite kind of	(9)
folk	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like folk songs?	
	songs? Do you like tolk	(10)
		1 -

G	I find gardening relaxing and it takes my mind off my	
gardening	I find gardening relaxing and it	(6)
general	work. My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of general.	(4)
geographical geographically golfing	What geographical area of the world do yet of	(1) (6) (4)
good-paying gorgeous government governor grade	I have a good-paying job with except in the Pacific Ocean. The scenery is gorgeous near the Pacific Ocean. Who's the head of this government? Who is the governor of this state? Who is the governor of this state? Children enter the first grade at the age of five, don't	(2) (1) (1)
grade school	they? He went to grade school in New York and high school in Chicago. What kind of grades did you make in college? What kind of Yale University.	(3)
grades graduate graduated	I'm a graduate of Tunning and School.	(3)
(from) graduation	My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was	(3) (10)
greatest ground	The ground around	(5) (2)
growing guide	farming. Is the coastal plain good for growing crops? Is the coastal plain good for growing crops? What's on following the news and weather? Do you What's on following the news and weather?	(9) (10)
guitar gym	have a TV guide? You play the guitar beautifully. This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout.	(7)
н	Most amateur radio operators build their own ham gear.	(9)
ham gear ham radio handball	Most amateur radio operators band a live gotten interested in ham radio. I've gotten interested in ham radio. This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We played handball.	(7)

138 WORD INDEX I

narbors	Along the northern coast there are many deep harbors.	(2)
narp	You play the harp beautifully.	(10)
harvest	At this time of the year farmers harvest their crops.	(5)
harvest	At this time of the year farmers get ready for the	
	autumn harvest	(5)
hay loaders	Hay loaders and reapers have and it is a first	(5)
head	Hay loaders and reapers have revolutionized farming.	(1)
headlines	Who's the head of this government?	(1)
	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.	, a \
heard (of)		(8)
heard (of)	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	
	The Olic,	(6)
heavily	This part of the country is very heavily populated.	(2)
hectares	and allow of the Longo in boats	(1)
hemisphere	Geographically, this country is the nectares?	/
	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.	(2)
hi-fi		(4)
	I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own equipment.	
high	Please turn the - 1	(6)
high	Please turn the radio down. It's too high.	(9)
high school		(2)
ייישיו צכווטטן		
Letter.		(3)
hiking	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like hiking. This part of the country is your but.	(7)
hilly	This part of the country is very hilly. My home is in the country live hilly.	(2)
historic	My home is in the capital. It's an historic city. When you played bookey when	4 1
hockey		(7)
honor	When you played hockey, what position did you play? During your first year of call.	(/ /
	During your first year of college, did you make the	_ ,
honorary	Do you have	(3)
humid	Do you have an honorary degree?	(3)
	What kind of climate do you have? Is it cold and humid?	
humor	This wait	(2)
hunting	This writer uses a lot of humor in his writings. I like fishing and hunting but I do not be a second to the secon	(10)
hurl	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming. When I was on the track team.	17
	when I was on the track team. I like swimming.	(7)
hymns	When I was on the track team, I used to hurl the javelin. He's a composer of church hymns.	(10
	of church hymns.	(10
I		
ica sketina	M. c	
ice skating	My favorite winter sport is in .	(7
imagination	My favorite winter sport is ice skating. This writer used imagination and artistry in his writings. Modern farm implements have revealed in the control of the state.	(10
implements	Modern farm implementation and artistry in his writings.	(10
impressionistic	Modern farm implements have revolutionized farming. This poetry is impressionistic.	(5
in addition (to)	Do you have any	(10
	Do you have any special interests in addition to your	
increased	According to 1	(6
	According to the latest census, our population has in-	
increases	I have	(1
	nave a good-paying job with	,
indones	I have a good-paying job with annual increases in	(4
independence	10day we celebrate	(1
	This	()
indigenous	This nation is noted for its indigenous music.	(1

	L WORD INDEX	139
industrial industrially	The industrial area is centered largely in the north. Industrially, the country is divided into three major	(1) (1)
industrious	areas. He always takes pride in his work. He's very industrious.	(4)
industry installment	Is meat packing a big industry in your country? The first installment of the story is in this issue of the	(8)
interests	magazine. In secondary school, children begin to concentrate on special interests.	(3)
interference	I couldn't hear the program because there was too	(9)
iron	The country is rich in natural resources. It has iron ore.	(1)
issue	The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the magazine. It's issued	(8)
issued	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's issued every week. This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(8)
its	This nation is noted for its economic statement	
javelin	When I was on the track team, I used to hurl the javelin.	(7) (10)
jazz joining journal junior	javelin. What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like jazz? Have you ever thought of joining a dance band? What's the total circulation of this journal? This is my third year of college. I'm a junior. What kind of grades did you make in your junior high	(10) (8) (3)
junior high school justice	school years? I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of Justice.	(4)
K	Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy	(7)
kerosene	our family well carry a kerosene lantern. Did you read the article about the pedestrian that was	(8)
killed	Did you read the attended killed? Children enter kindergarten at the age of five, don't	(3)
kindergarten	Children enter kindergarten det more advanced	
knowledge	they? In secondary school, children get more advanced knowledge.	(3)
L	Lwork for the Department of	(4)
lapor	I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of	(4)
lantern	Labor.	(7)
largely	a kerosene lantern. The industrial area is centered largely in the north.	

140 WORD INDEX M

140 WORD	INDEX M	
latest	According to the latest census, our population has in-	
	creased,	(1)
lawn	Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to	
	sell your lawn furniture?	(8)
leader	Who's the leader of this political party?	(1)
lecturer	My uncle is a graduate lecturer.	(3)
legal	Have you ever thought about a career in the legal	
	protession?	(4)
lemons	Because of the warm and sunny weather, lemons grow	
la	very well here.	(5)
less	As you travel southward, does the land get less fertile?	(2)
lieutenant	My oromer's in the Army He was just promoted to	
linet	the falk of fleutenant.	(4)
linotype	My brother-in-law is a linotype operator on The New	
literary	a vine a sidel.	(8)
y	How much do you know about the works of great	
live		(10)
livestock	I wonder if this is a live program?	(9)
located	and I all lis you li had livertook	(5)
	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.	(0)
loser		(2)
low	The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.	(7) (9)
lowerclassman		(3)
lumbering		(2)
	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.	(2)
м		
major	Y 41	
major	In college I majored in science. What was your major? My brother's in the Army IV.	(3)
major	My brother's in the Army. He was just promoted to the rank of major.	
majored (in)	the rank of major. He was just promoted to	(4)
make	In college I majored in science.	(3)
making	Tall Idlin Works Hower of the same	(9)
	There are many factories in the U.S., particularly for making cloth.	
male	Factories and	(5)
manages	Factories employ both male and female workers. John has built up his own business and semale workers.	(5)
0	John has built up his own business. He manages a shoe	
manufacturing	Is it true that the	(4)
	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?	(5)
master	I'm a graduate of V-1	(5)
	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Master of Arts degree.	(2)
match	I went to a boxing read !	(3)
matchboxes	I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight. I've heard of unusual hobbies but I've heard of unusual hobbies.	(, ,
_	collecting matchboxes, out I've never heard of	(6)
math	In college I majored :-	(3)
mayor		(1)
meef	The to diswill mine many 1	(7)
melody	I've never heard that melody before.	(10)
member	My brother is a member of the faculty.	(3)
	or the faculty.	,

	N WOKD INDEX	141
	This writer uses many metaphors in his writings.	(10)
metaphors	What's the area of the Congo in square meters?	(1)
meters	He always takes pride in his work. He's very meticulous.	(4)
meticulous	He always takes pride in his work. The start metropolitan	, ,
metropolitan	My home is in the capital. It's a large metropolitan	(1)
	area.	(5)
milkers	Milkers have revolutionized farming.	(3)
	If you have cows you have to get up early to do the	
milking	*44 * .	(5)
	The country is rich in natural resources. It has min-	
mineral	The Country is river in and the	(1)
	eral deposits. The mining area is centered largely in the north.	(1)
mining	The mining area is centered targety in going to be a	
missile	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	(4)
	missile expert.	(6)
model	My hobby is collecting model ships.	/
	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a	(9)
model	a 1.1 a model	(2)
	*	(2)
moist	The ground around here is mostly clay and not very	
mostly	1 for forming	(5)
	good for farming. This part of the country is very mountainous.	(2)
mountainous		(7)
muscles	My muscles are sore from playing baseball. My muscles are sore from playing baseball.	
musician	My muscles are sole from playing better that Have you ever thought about becoming a professional	(10)
11103131-11	musician?	(,
N	times?	(10)
14	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?	(1)
name	Who would you name as the growing stability. This nation is noted for its economic stability. This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(1)
nation	This nation is noted for its economic statum, How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec-	
national	How old do you have to be	(1)
	tions? Are you American?	(1)
nationality	what's your nationality? Are you American?	(1)
naturalized		(1)
	The country is rich in natural resources. The country is rich in natural resources.	(4)
natural		(9)
havy	I wonder if this is a network show?	(-)
network	I wonder if this is a network snow: We met one of the newscasters over at the television	(9)
newscasters	Me Wer one or and	(8)
	station.	(0)
newsletter	station. What's the total circulation of this newsletter? What's the latest issue of the magazine. Is it on	
newsstands	I haven't seen uie interest	(8)
	the newsstands? I couldn't hear the program because there was too	
noi	Leguldn't hear the program because the	(9)
noise	much noise in the room. Are most of the lakes located in the northeastern region? Are most of the lakes located in the northeastern region?	(2)
	much noise in the lakes located in the northeastern regions	(2)
northeastern	Are most of the tank coast there are many high chils.	(2)
northern		
northward	As you travel not the northwestern region.	(4)
northwestern	A so second Of Itle Idays stobility	(T)
noted	This nation is noted for its economic stability. This nation is noted for its economic stability. Who would you name as the greatest novelist of our	
novelist	Who would you have	(10)
-1101	times?	
Durenment	times? Children enter nursery school at the age of five, don't	(3)
hursery school	Children enter north	, ,
	they?	

140 WORD INDEX M

latest	According to the latest census, our population has in-	
	creased.	(1)
lawn	Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to	
	sell your lawn furniture?	(8)
leader	Who's the leader of this political party?	(1)
lecturer	My uncle is a graduate lecturer.	(3)
legal	Have you ever thought about a career in the legal	
1	profession?	(4)
lemons	Because of the warm and sunny weather, lemons grow	(5)
less	very well here.	(5)
lieutenant	As you travel southward, does the land get less fertile?	(2)
negrendili	My brother's in the Army. He was just promoted to	(4)
linotype	the rank of lieutenant.	(7 /
,	My brother-in-law is a linotype operator on The New York Times staff.	(8)
literary		(- /
•	How much do you know about the works of great literary figures?	(10)
live	I wonder if this is a live program?	(9)
livestock	On many farms you'll find livestock.	(5)
located	Geographically, this country is located in the southern	
	nemisphere.	(2)
loser	The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.	(7)
low	" reade turn the 18(10) IID It's too low	(9)
lowerclassman lumbering	This is the second year of college I'm a lawardassmall.	(3)
rembering	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.	(2)
T.E.		
М.		
major	In college I majored in science. What was your major?	(3)
major		
majored (in)		(4)
make	In college I majored in science.	(3)
making	- our car idulo worke your	(9)
3		(5)
male		(5)
manages	Factories employ both male and female workers. John has built up his own have	(5)
	John has built up his own business. He manages a shoe factory.	(4)
manufacturing	Is it true that the man of	(4)
•	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?	(5)
master	I'm a graduate of Vala II.	,
	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Master of Arts degree.	(3)
match	I went to a boxing match I	(7)
matchboxes	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of collecting matchboxes	
math	collecting matchboxes.	(6)
	In college majored in and	(3)
mayor meet		(1)
melody	- William man 1	$\binom{7}{\binom{10}{2}}$
member	I've never heard that melody before. My brother is a member of the state of the st	(10)
meniae)	My brother is a member of the faculty.	(3)

	N WORD INDEX	141
metaphors meters meticulous	This writer uses many metaphors in his writings. What's the area of the Congo in square meters? He always takes pride in his work. He's very meticulous.	(10) (1) (4)
metropolitan	My home is in the capital. It's a large metropolitan area.	(1)
milkers milking	Milkers have revolutionized farming. If you have cows you have to get up early to do the	(5)
mineral	milking. The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral deposits.	(1)
mining missile	The mining area is centered largely in the north. As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	(1)
model	missile expert.	(4) (6)
model	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a portable model. What kind of climate do you have? Is it moist?	(9) (2)
moist mostly	The ground around here is mostly clay and not very	(5)
mountainous muscles	This part of the country is very mountainous. My muscles are sore from playing baseball.	(2)
musician	Thus you ever thought about becoming a professional	(10)
N	the greatest noet of our times?	(10)
name nation national	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times? This nation is noted for its economic stability. How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec-	(1)
nationality	tions? What's your nationality? Are you American?	(1)
naturalized natural	I'm a naturalized American. The country is rich in natural resources. Have you ever thought about a career in the navy?	(1)
navy network	I wonder if this is a network show? We met one of the newscasters over at the television	(9)
newscasters newsletter	station.	(9)
newsstands	I haven't seen the latest love	(8)
noise	I couldn't hear the program occurred much noise in the room.	(9)
northeastern northern northward northwestern	Are most of the lakes located are many high clifts. Along the northern coast there are many high clifts. As you travel northward, does the land get more fertile? As you travel northward, in the northwestern region?	(4)
noted novelist	Who would you name as the greatest novelist of our	(10)
nurmery school	times? Children enter nursery school at the age of five, don't they?	(3)

142 WORD INDEX P

0		
ocean official oil wells orchestra	The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean. Be a good sport. Play according to the official rules. There are oil wells here, and petroleum is important. We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony	(2) (7) (2)
ore organ other than outlet outside interests outside	orchestra. The country is rich in natural resources. It has iron ore. He plays the organ for his own enjoyment. Do you have any special interests other than your job? Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right? What do you do for recreation? Do you have any outside interests? You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna.	(10) (1) (6) (6) (7) (7)
P		
painting packing	I like painting, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's work.	(4) (5)
paper	Is meat packing a big industry in your country? John has extracurricular activities. He's editor of the school paper.	(3)
parched	The land in this region is dry and parched.	(2)
party	who sine leader of this political party?	(1)
pathology	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
peaks	pathology. This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.	(3)
peanuts	Because of the warm and sunny weather, cotton and peanuts grow very well here.	(2)
pedestrian	Did you read the article about the pedestrian that was killed?	(8)
petroleum	The petroleum region is centered largely in the parth	(1)
philosophy	By a midloted III IIIIII (SCHRIV	(3)
photography	esting hobby.	(6)
physics pianist	In secondary school, children study mathematics, physics, and chemistry.	(3)
highlist.	We went to a concert last night to hear a well-known pianist.	
picture	I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's something wrong.	(10)
piece	I've never heard that piece before.	(9)
pigs	this hat country people grow wheat and	(10)
pilot	My uncle was a pilot with the si-lines	(5)
pioneer	Poul goull Diopeor dove !- 41. Tr to 1 or	(10)
pitcher		(7)
plain	Is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)

144 WORD INDEX R

psychology	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
		(3)
publication		(8)
published	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's pub-	
	lished every week.	(8)
punch	If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a	, ,
	clock.	(5)
put out	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out	(~)
	every week.	(8)
	The state of the s	(0)
Q		
quarter	When I was on the track team, I used to run the quar-	
•	ter mile.	(7)
quartet	Have you ever thought of 1	
	Have you ever thought of playing in a string quartet?	(10)
quiz	What's on following the quiz program?	(9)
R		
races	Would you be interested in going to the horse races	
	this afternoon?	(7)
racing	I've always thought car racing would be an interesting	. , ,
	hobby.	163
rain	The weather is warm and	(6)
	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get much rain?	
	THEORY AND THE	(2)
raising	Is the coastal plain good for raising cattle?	(2)
range	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep	•
	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	(2)
rank	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to	(- /
	THE OF THE OF	(4)
rare	That's a rare set of coins.	
realistic	This poetry is realistic.	(6)
reapers	Hay loaders and reapers have	(10)
receivers	Hay loaders and reapers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
reception		(9)
recital		(9)
	AAMIO TOU OTEL HILIIONI OF MUNICIPAL A	(10)
recorded	a monder it tills is a recorded program of	(9)
recreation	That do you do lot recreation! Do 1	(7)
regions		(1)
register	If you expect to enter the vertical into ten regions.	(1)
	If you expect to enter the university, you should register now.	
registrar's		(3)
3	If you expect to enter the university, you should go to	
regulations	the registrar's office now.	(3)
relaxation	Be a good sport. Play according to the regulations. He's not a professional He place the regulations.	(7)
TEIUXUITON	He's not a professional. He plays the piano for relax-	
	ation.	(6)
relaxing	I find stamp collecting relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.	(0)
	off my work.	163
release	There wasn't much news in the press release this after-	(6)
	The state of the s	
	noon.	(8)

146 WORD INDEX S

scenic	It's a beautiful country with scenic mountain areas.	(2)
science	in college I majored in science.	(3)
scientific	This nation is noted for its scientific accomplishments	(1)
score	we prayed a game last night. The score was fied six-	
	10-314.	(7)
screen	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a	(. ,
	ranger screen.	(9)
secondary	In secondary school, children get more advanced	` '
school	Knowledge,	(3)
secretary	My sister worked as a secretary before she got married.	(4)
sections	Culturally, the could y is divided into two sections	(1)
semi-arid	The land in this region is semi-arid	(2)
senator	How old do you have to be to become a sometime?	(1)
senior	this is my toutill year of college I'm a canion	(3)
sentimental	This poetry is settlittellial	(10)
sent in	I sent in a subscription to that magnetic	(8)
service	There a successful career in the foreign consider he was	()
4511010		(4)
severe	What kind of climate do you have? Is it severe?	(2)
sheep	bed being people grow wheat and corn and	(- /
		(5)
shipped	Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.	(- /
		(5)
shop	My sister worked as a salesgirl in a dress shop before she got married.	(5)
.1	she got married.	(4)
shore	How far is it from the shore of the Atlantic to the mountains?	(4)
ah antaran	mountains?	(2)
shortstop	My nephew is a baseball player. He plays shortstop.	(7)
short story	Who is the author of this short story?	(10)
signed off	Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two hours ago.	(10)
skating	nours ago.	(9)
skunng	My favorite winter sport is ice skating. I belong to a skating club.	(/)
ski	skating club.	(7)
3KI	My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski	(/)
alatta	cind.	(7)
skiing	My favorite winter sport is skiing.	(7)
sledding		
sleeping bags		(7)
nm need all	buy sleeping bags. We had to	(7)
snowfall	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get any snowfall at all?	(7)
	snowfall at all?	(0)
soccer	Soccer is my favorite and	(2)
society	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the society page.	(7)
	society page, F-Pol. I just glanced at the	(0)
songs	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like folk songs?	(8)
•	songs?	
sophomore	This is my second year of college	(10)
southeastern	Are most of the lakes located in the southeastern region?	(3)
	in the southeastern region?	(2)

	I WORD INDEX	147
-1	Geographically, this country is located in the southern	
southern	Geographican, and	(2)
	hemisphere. As you travel southward, does the land get less fertile? As you travel southward in the southwestern region?	(2)
southward	As you travel southward, does the land get and a southwestern region? Are most of the lakes located in the southwestern region?	(2)
southwestern	Are most of the lakes located in the concentrate on	
special	Are most of the lakes located in the secondary school, children begin to concentrate on In secondary school, children begin to concentrate on	(3)
	special interests.	(2)
spectacular	special interests. The scenery is spectacular near the Pacific Ocean. The scenery is spectacular near the rules of the game.	(7)
	The scenery is spectacular near the Facine Getata. Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game. Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game. Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game.	(3)
sport		(1)
sports	John has extraculricular action is noted for its economic stability. This nation is noted for its economic stability. The New York	, ,
stability	This nation is noted for its economic statement. My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York	(8)
staff	Times staff. hecause there was too	/
	Times staff. I couldn't hear the program because there was too	(9)
static	much static.	(-)
	much static. We met one of the engineers over at the television	(9)
station		(1)
		(- /
state		(5)
steel	:- = steel	(6)
	interested in stereo.	(10)
stereo		(10)
stimulating		(2)
stirring	This part of the country is very stony. This part of the country is very stony.	(2)
stony	This part of the country is very story. There are streams here and fishing is important. There are streams here and fishing is important.	(10)
streams	There are streams here and fishing is important. There are streams here and fishing is important. Have you ever thought of playing in a string quartet? Have you ever thought to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to	(10)
string	Have you ever thought of playing in a string quarter. If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to	(8)
subscribe (to)	If you subscribe to the	(8)
300351150 (1	door	(6)
subscription	There is a subscription to	(2)
suffer		(2)
sumer		15)
***************************************	The ground around here is swarf	(5)
swamp	good for farming. This mountain range has many high peaks and swift This mountain range has many high peaks and swift	(2)
marife.	This mountain range has many	(2)
swift	rivers a sight to hear the symphony	(10)
	rivers. We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony	(10)
\$ymphony	orchestra.	
	Ololioses.	
T	He has a taxicab	(1)
•	the built up his own business.	(4)
taxicab	John has built up his own business. He has a taxicab company. My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches member is a member of the faculty.	(2)
		(3)
teaches	My brother is a member of the economics. My sister worked as a technician before she got married. My sister worked for its advanced technology.	(4)
	economics - teconomics	(1)
technician	My sister worked for its advanced technique to be a	
technology	This nation is alone my training,	(サノ
teller	My sister worked as a technology. This nation is noted for its advanced technology. This nation is noted for its advanced technology. As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	(7)
_	As soon as I complete my bank teller. The hardest thing to learn is not to lose your temper.	
temper .	The hardest thing to	

148 WORD INDEX U

Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent.	7)
In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise thoroughbreds	(5)
Binders and threshers have revolutionized farming. I've never read a more thrilling story.	(5) (10)
to-six,	(7)
reserves.	(1)
Where can I plug in the toaster? Is this outlet all right?	(9)
Because of the warm and sunny weather, tobacco and	(5)
When I was on the track team. I used to run the quar-	•
ter mile.	(7)
The state of the s	(5)
He went to grade school in New York and a trade	(3)
In universities, students train to become teachers and	(3)
The next time I buy a TV set. I'm going to buy a	(9)
mitters,	(9)
Milk, butter, and cheese are transported here from the	(5)
My brother took lessons on the trombons for nearly	(10)
10013	(2)
The tile indifficulting of automobiles is a	(5)
	(6)
The I buy a I V set I'm going to buy a 71.	•
	(9) (9)
Please turn the radio of tune in to on FM last night?	(9)
	(9)
I've heard of	
collecting umbrelles, but I've never heard of	163
They had to burn a lot of	(6)
	(5)
I've heard of unusual hobbies but I've rever hand of	(10)
	(6)
This is my third year of college. I'm an unperclassman	(3)
Is the coastal plain good for urban development?	(2)
	a new tent. In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise thoroughbreds. Binders and threshers have revolutionized farming. I've never read a more thrilling story. We played a game last night. The score was tied sixto-six. The country is rich in natural resources. It has timber reserves. Where can I plug in the toaster? Is this outlet all right? Because of the warm and sunny weather, tobacco and rice grow very well here. When I was on the track team, I used to run the quarter mile. Tractors have revolutionized farming. He went to grade school in New York and a trade school in Chicago. In universities, students train to become teachers and engineers. The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a transistorized set. Most amateur radio operators build their own transmitters. Milk, butter, and cheese are transported here from the dairy farms. My brother took lessons on the trombone for nearly ten years. What kind of climate do you have? Is it tropical? Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry? He plays the trumpet for his own enjoyment. The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a 21-inch picture tube. What frequency did you tune in to on FM last night? Please turn the radio down. It's too high. Please turn the radio down. It's too high. Please turn the radio down. It's too how. I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of collecting umbrellas. They had to burn a lot of underbrush to make room for farms. This poetry is unrealistic. I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one.

My brother-in-law is a feature writer on The New

This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.

(8)(10)

Wadsworth Longfellow?

Works

Writer

Writings

TO EXERCISES

UNIT 1

- 1. I am a native American.
 - a. Am I a native American?
 - b. Am I a naturalized American?
 - c. I am a naturalized American.
 - d. They are naturalized Americans.
 - e. He is a naturalized American.
 - f. He is president of a university.
 - g. Is he president of a university?
 - h. Is he leader of his political party?
 - i. He is leader of his political party.
 - i. He is a French citizen.
 - k. They are French citizens.
 - 1. I am a French citizen.
- 2. This nation is noted for economic stability.
 - a. Is this nation noted for economic stability?
 - b. Isn't this nation noted for economic stability?
 - c. This nation isn't noted for economic stability.
 - d. This nation isn't noted for mineral resources.
 - e. This nation is noted for mineral resources.
 - f. This nation is rich in mineral resources.
 - g. Is this nation rich in mineral resources?
 - h. Is this country rich in mineral resources?
 - i. Isn't this country rich in mineral resources?
 - This country isn't rich in mineral resources.
 - k. This country doesn't have mineral resources.
 - 1. This country has mineral resources.
 - m. This country has ten regions.
 - n. This country is divided into ten regions.
- 3. You can vote in the national elections, can't you?
 - a. You can't vote in the national elections, can you?
 - b. You can't become president, can you?
 - c. You can become president, can't you?

- d. You want to become president, don't you?
- e. You don't want to become president, do you?
- f. You don't want to live in a small town, do you?
- g. You want to live in a small town, don't you?
- h. You would like to live in a small town, wouldn't you?
- i. You wouldn't like to live in a small town, would you?
- j. You wouldn't like to work in an industrial center, would you?
- k. You would like to work in an industrial center, wouldn't you?
- l. You will work in an industrial center, won't you?
- m. You won't work in an industrial center, will you?
- n. You aren't going to work in an industrial center, are you?
- o. You are going to work in an industrial center, aren't you?

Word Study Exercises Page 11

- 1. a. developed, (has developed), b. accomplished, c. elect, d. populated, e. born, f. governs
- 2. a. celebration, b. divisions, c. vote (voter), d. decrease
- 3. a. decline, b. commercial, c. head, d. farm, e, reserves,
 - f. nationality, g. weather, h. keep, i. native

UNIT 2

- 1. The mountain area is scenic and the coast is, too.
 - a. The mountain area is scenic, and so is the coast.
 - b. The mountain area isn't scenic, and neither is the coast.
 - c. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and neither is the coast.
 - d. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, but the coast is.
 - e. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and the coast isn't,
 - f. The mountain area isn't fertile, and the coast isn't, either.
 - g. The mountain area isn't fertile, and neither is the coast.
 - h. The mountain area is fertile, and so is the coast.
 - i. The mountain area is fertile, and the coast is, too.
 - The mountain area is fertile, but the coast isn't.

- 2. There are streams and forests here, so lumbering is important.
 - a. There are streams and forests here; therefore, lumbering is important.
 - b. There aren't streams and forests here; therefore, lumbering isn't important.
 - c. There aren't streams and forests here; therefore, fishing isn't important.
 - d. There are streams and forests here; therefore, fishing is important.
 - e. There are streams and forests here; consequently, fishing is important.
 - f. There are streams and forests here; consequently, the scenery is beautiful.
 - g. There are streams and forests here; thus, the scenery is beautiful.
 - h. There are streams and forests here; as a result, the scenery is beautiful.
 - i. There are streams and forests here; as a result, the land is fertile.
 - i. There are streams and forests here, so the land is fertile.
 - k. There are streams and forests here, so the land is not arid.
- 3. The weather is very warm, and we don't get much rain.
 - a. The weather is very warm; moreover, we don't get much rain.
 - b. The weather is very warm; moreover, the land is arid.
 - c. The weather is very warm; in addition, the land is arid.
 - d. The weather is very warm; in addition, the land is stony.
 - e. The weather is very warm, and the land is stony.
 - f. The weather is very warm, and we suffer from the heat.
 - g. The weather is very warm; also, we suffer from the heat.
 - h. The weather is very warm; furthermore, we suffer from the heat.
 - i. The weather is very warm; furthermore, it is tropical.
 - j. The weather is very warm; in fact, it is tropical.
 - k. The weather is very warm; as a matter of fact, it is tropical.
 - The weather is very warm; as a matter of fact, it is a hot desert area.
- 4. This region is not fertile, but it has good harbors.
 - a. This region is not fertile; however, it has good harbors.
 - b. This region is fertile; however, it is heavily populated.
 - c. This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is heavily populated.
 - d. This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is an industrial area.

- e. This region is not fertile, still it is an industrial area.
- f. This region is not fertile; still it is a scenic area.
- g. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it is a scenic area.
- h. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it has large lakes.
- i. This region is not fertile; yet it has large lakes.
- j. This region is not fertile; yet it is good for urban development.
- k. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it is good for urban development.
- l. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it isn't a desert area.

Word Study Exercises

Page 23

- I. a. warmth, e. growth, b. length, c. moisture, d. depth, f. humidity, g. population, h. industry
- 2. a. région régional
 - b. geography geographical
 - c. scénery scénic
 - d. spéctacle spectacular
 - e. beauty beautiful
 - f. population populated
 - g. fertility fértile
 - h. móuntain móuntainous i. índustry indústrial
 - i. cómfort cómfortable

UNIT 3

- 1. Your sister, who graduated last night, received a B.A. degree.
 - a. Did your sister, who graduated last night, receive a B.A. degree?
 - b. Did your sister, who majored in economics, receive a B.A. degree?
 - c. Your sister, who majored in economics, received a B.A. degree.
 - d. Your sister, who majored in economics, received high grades.
 - e. Your sister, who majored in economics, was an excellent student. f. Was your sister, who majored in economics, an excellent student?
 - g. Was your sister, who was active in sports, an excellent student?
 - h. Your sister, who was active in sports, was an excellent student.

- i. Your sister, who was editor of the school paper, was an excellent student.
- j. Your sister, who was editor of the school paper, graduated with honors.
- 2. High school is for older children whose knowledge is more advanced.
 - a. High school is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.
 - b. College is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.
 - c. College is for young adults who want to concentrate on special interests.
 - d. Is college for young adults who want to concentrate on special interests?
 - e. Is college for young adults who want to become teachers and engineers?
 - f. College is for young adults who want to become teachers and engineers.
 - g. College is for young adults who want to study psychology.
 - h. College is for students who want to study psychology.
 - i. College is for students who make good grades.
 - j. College isn't for students who don't make good grades.
 - 3. The professor on the faculty is my uncle.
 - a. The professor with an M.A. degree is my uncle.
 - b. The professor with an M.A. degree teaches at the university.
 - c. The graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teaches at the uni-
 - d. Does the graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teach at the
 - e. Does the graduate lecturer from New York City teach at the
 - f. Does the graduate lecturer from New York City teach economics?
 - g. The graduate lecturer from New York City teaches economics.
 - h. The graduate lecturer studying for his Ph.D. teaches economics.
 - The graduate lecturer studying for his Ph.D. is on the faculty.

Word Study Exercises Page 36

- c. doctor, d. philosopher, e. econg. historian, h. mathematician, 1. a. lawyer, b. dentist, f. scientist, omist,
 - i. engineer, j. teacher

- e. This region is not fertile, still it is an industrial area.
- This region is not fertile; still it is a scenic area.
- g. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it is a scenic area.
- h. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it has large lakes.
- This region is not fertile; yet it has large lakes.
- 7. This region is not fertile; yet it is good for urban development.
- k. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it is good for urban development.
- 1. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it isn't a desert

Word Study Exercises

Page 23

- 1. a. warmth, b. length, c. moisture, d. depth, e. growth, f. humidity, g. population, h. industry
- 2. a. région régional
 - b. geography geographical
 - c. scenery scénic
 - d. spéctacle spectácular e. beauty
 - beautiful f. population populated
 - g. fertility fértile
 - h. móuntain mountainous
 - i. industry industrial
 - j. cómfort cómfortable

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 - f. Was your sister, who majored in economics, an excellent student?
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 - h. Your sister, who was active in sports, was an excellent student.

e. econ-

- i. Your sister, who was editor of the school paper, was an excellent student.
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Word Study Exercises

Page 23

- e. growth, b. length, c. moisture, d. depth, 1. a. warmth. f. humidity, g. population, h. industry
- 2. a. région régional
 - b. geography geographical
 - c. scénery scénic
 - d. spéctacle spectácular
 - e. beauty beautiful
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 - g. fertility fertile
 - h. mountain mountainous
 - i. índustry indústrialj. cómfort cómfortable

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Word Study Exercises Page 36

- d. philosopher, e. econc. doctor, b. dentist, g. historian, h. mathematician, 1. a. lawyer, omist, f. scientist,
 - i. engineer, j. teacher

a. professor,
 b. registrar,
 c. office,
 d. clerk,
 e. subject,
 f. U.S.A.,
 g. factory,
 h. football

- 3. a. from, b. in, c. on, d. at, e. of, f. in, g. on, h. by
- 4. a. do, b. get, c. given, d. have, e. make, f. see, g. slipped, h. took

UNIT 4

Grammar Review Exercises

Page 48

- 1. I enjoy my job since it has fringe benefits.
 - a. I enjoy my job although I work long hours.
 - b. I enjoy writing books although I work long hours.
 - c. I enjoy writing books because I receive a good salary.
 - d. I enjoy writing books if I have good working conditions.
 - e. I will take pride in my work if I have good working conditions.
 - f. I will take pride in my work when I have my own business.
 - g. I will take a vacation every year when I have my own business.
 - h. I will take a vacation every year after I'm on my own.
 - i. I will take a vacation every year as soon as I can.
 - j. I will start my own business as soon as I can.
- You can't be a pilot until you complete your training.
 - a. You can't be a pilot while you are completing your training.
 - b. Can't you be a pilot while you are completing your training?
 - c. Can't you be a pilot before you complete your training?
 - d. You can't be a pilot before you complete your training.
 - e. You can be a pilot after you complete your training.
 - f. You can be a pilot as soon as you complete your training.
 - g. Can you be a pilot as soon as you complete your training?
 - h. Can you be a pilot when you complete your training?
 - i. You can be a pilot when you complete your training.
 - j. You can be a pilot if you complete your training.
- I studied law during my college years.
 - a. I've studied law since high school.
 - b. I've studied law for four years.
 - c. I've practiced law for four years. d. I practiced law during the past year.
 - e. I was very industrious during the past year.

- f. I was very industrious in the summer.
- g. I was very industrious until my retirement.
- h. I received an annual increase in salary until my retirement.
- i. I got some fringe benefits until my retirement.
- I got some fringe benefits after retirement.

Word Study Exercises Page 49

- c. profession, d. manages, b. employed, 1. a. meticulous, g. dedicated f. retired,
- e. promoted, 7. h, 8. c 5. f, 6. e, 4. a, 3. g,
- 2. 1. d, 2. b, d. unsuccessful, c. unknown, b. undecided, 3. a. inefficient, e. inconsiderate, f. unsafe, g. unusual

UNIT 5

- If the ground is fertile, it is good for farming.
 - a. If the ground were fertile, it would be good for farming.
 - b. If the ground had been fertile, it would have been good for
 - c. If the ground had been fertile, you would have had good crops.
 - d. If the ground were fertile, you would have good crops.
 - e. If the ground is fertile, you will have good crops.
 - If you cultivate your land, you will have good crops.
 - g. If you cultivated your land, you would have good crops.
 - h. If you had cultivated your land, you would have had good crops.
 - i. If you had cultivated your land, you could have grown tobacco.
 - If you cultivated your land, you could grow tobacco.
 - k. If you cultivate your land, you can grow tobacco.
 - 1. If the weather is warm, you can grow tobacco.

 - m. If the weather were warm, you could grow tobacco. n. If the weather had been warm, you could have grown tobacco.
- 2. Unless you cultivate your land, you won't have good crops.
 - a. Unless you cultivated your land, you wouldn't have good crops.
 - b. If you hadn't cultivated your land, you wouldn't have had good
 - c. If you hadn't cultivated your land, it wouldn't have been good for farming.

- d. If you didn't cultivate your land, it wouldn't be good for farming.
- e. If you don't cultivate your land, it won't be good for farming.
- f. Unless the weather is warm, it won't be good for farming.
- g. Unless the weather were warm, it wouldn't be good for farming.
- h. If the weather hadn't been warm, it wouldn't have been good for farming.
- i. If the weather hadn't been warm, you couldn't have grown tobacco.
- j. If the weather weren't warm, you couldn't grow tobacco.
- k. If the weather isn't warm, you can't grow tobacco.
- l. Unless the land is fertile, you can't grow tobacco.
- m. Unless the land were fertile, you couldn't grow tobacco.
- n. If the land hadn't been fertile, you couldn't have grown tobacco.
- 3. I get to work on time every day.
 - a. I wish I got to work on time every day.
 - b. I wish I had gotten to work on time yesterday,
 - c. I wish I hadn't had to work yesterday.
 - d. I wish I didn't have to work every day.
 - e. I wish I didn't work in a factory every day.
 - f. I wish I hadn't worked in a factory last year.
 - g. I wish I could have worked on a farm last year.
 - h. I wish I could work on a farm every summer.
 - I wish I worked only three days a week every summer.
 - j. I wish I had worked only three days a week last summer.

Word Study Exercises Page 61

- 1. a. raised, b. shipped, c. milked, d. grown, e. cut down,
 - f. plowed, g. employed, h. manufactured
- 2. a. revolution revolutionize
 - b. transportátion transport
 - c. cultivation cultivate
 - d. industry indústrialize
 - e. manufacture manufacture
 - f. employment employ
 - g. equipment equip
 - h. production produce
- 3. a. furniture, b. peanuts, c. swimming, d. wheat, e. corn,
 - f. manufacture, g. livestock, h. burned

UNIT 6

Grammar Review Exercises Page 72

- Does he believe photography is an interesting hobby?
 - a. Doesn't he believe photography is an interesting hobby?
 - b. Doesn't he believe photography is relaxing?
 - c. He doesn't believe photography is relaxing.
 - d. He believes photography is relaxing.
 - e. They think photography is relaxing.
 - f. They think photography is too expensive.
 - g. Do they think photography is too expensive?
 - h. Do they think hi-fi is too expensive?
 - i. Don't they think hi-fi is too expensive?
 - j. They don't think hi-fi is too expensive.
 - k. We don't imagine hi-fi is too expensive.
 - l. We imagine hi-fi is too expensive.
 - m. We imagine coin collecting is too expensive.
 - n. We imagine coin collecting is an interesting hobby.

2. Which hobby is the most expensive?

- a. Did you find out which hobby is the most expensive?
- b. Did you find out what would be the most expensive?
- c. Did you find out what would be an interesting hobby?
- d. What would be an interesting hobby?
- e. Please tell me what would be an interesting hobby.
- f. Please tell me who has an interesting hobby.
- g. Who has an interesting hobby?
- h. Who has his own hi-fi?
- i. Do you know who has his own hi-fi?
- j. Do you know who can build his own hi-fi?
- k. Do you know which student would like to have his own hi-fi?
- l. Do you know which student would like to have a rare coin col-
- m. Which student would like to have a rare coin collection?
- 3. How many stamps have you collected?
 - a. I'd like to know how many stamps you have collected.
 - b. I'd like to know what stereo is.
 - c. What is stereo?
 - d. Please tell me what stereo is.
 - e. Please tell me how much a hi-fi costs.

- f. How much does a hi-fi cost?
- g. Can you tell me how much a hi-fi costs?
- h. Can you tell me why he collects umbrellas?
- i. Why does he collect umbrellas?
- j. I can't imagine why he collects umbrellas.
- k. I can't imagine how many coins he has collected.
- l. How many coins has he collected?

4. Do you know where to buy rare coins?

- a. Can you tell me where to buy rare coins?
- b. Can you tell me where to buy hi-fi equipment?
- c. Can you tell me how to build hi-fi equipment?
- d. Did you learn how to build hi-fi equipment?
- e. Did you learn who to ask about hi-fi equipment?
- f. Did you learn who to ask about gardening?
- g. I don't know who to ask about gardening.
- h. I don't know who to ask about camping.
- i. I don't know when to go camping.
- j. I haven't decided when to go camping.
- k. I haven't decided where to go camping.
- l. I haven't decided where to go on my vacation.
- m. I haven't decided what to do on my vacation.
- n. I haven't decided what to do for a hobby.

Word Study Exercises

Page 74

- 1. a. collection, b. actor, c. relaxation, d. equipment, e. enjoyment, f. specialty, g. preference, h. beginner,
 - i. pleasure, j. suggestion
- 2. a. profession, b. common, c. cheap, d. boring, e. amateur
- 3. a. pastime, b. fun, c. exhausted, d. unusual, e. acting
- 4. a. for, b. of, c. with, d. of, e. off, f. as, g. in, h. of, i. with (for), j. by

UNIT 7

- He said, "Baseball is my favorite sport."
 - a. He told me that baseball was his favorite sport.
 - b. He told me that he liked hunting and fishing.
 - c. He said, "I like hunting and fishing."

- d. He said, "I play soccer."
- e. He told me that he played soccer.
- f. He told me that he ran the quarter mile.
- g. He said, "I run the quarter mile."
- h. He said, "I went to a swimming meet."
- He told me that he had gone to a swimming meet.
- j. He told me that it had been a good meet.
- k. He said, "It was a good meet."
- He said, "I like camping trips."
- m. He told me that he liked camping trips.

They asked him about baseball.

- a. They spoke to him about baseball.
- b. They spoke to me about baseball.
- c. They told me about baseball.
- d. Did they tell me about baseball?
- e. Did they teach me about baseball?
- f. They taught me about baseball.
- g. They taught you about baseball.
- h. They taught you the rules of baseball.
- They described the rules of baseball to you.
- They read the rules of baseball to you.
- k. They explained the rules of baseball to you.
- They explained baseball to you.

We talked over the baseball rules.

- a. We talked them over.
- b. We made sure of them.
- c. We made sure of the score.
- d. We went over the score.
- e. We went over it.
- f. We tried it out.
- g. We tried out the camping equipment.
- h. We looked for the camping equipment.
- i. We looked for it.
- j. We looked forward to it.
- k. We looked forward to the horse races.
- l. We looked forward to the baseball game.
- m. We called off the baseball game.
- n. We called it off.
- o. We will take it up.
- p. We will take up water-skiing.

Word Study Exercises

Page 87

- 1. a. match, b. sore, c. tied, d. exercises, e. ice skating,
 - f. pole-vault, g. tent, h. shortstop, i. play by the rules,
 - j. to get angry
- 2. a. laughter, b. argument, c. agreement, e. sadd. failure, ness, f. caution, g. meeting, h. membership

UNIT 8

- This newspaper is very large.
 - a. This newspaper is too large.
 - b. This newspaper isn't too large.
 - c. This newspaper isn't large enough.
 - d. The classified section isn't large enough.
 - e. Isn't the classified section large enough?
 - f. Isn't the classified section too large?
 - g. Isn't the classified section too long?
 - h. Isn't the editorial too long? i. Is the editorial too long?
 - j. Is the editorial long enough?
 - k. Is the editorial very long?
 - l. The editorial is very long.
- 2. The evening newspaper is the same size as the morning paper.
 - a. The evening newspaper is the same price as the morning paper.
 - b. The evening newspaper is as good as the morning paper.
 - c. Is the evening newspaper as good as the morning paper?
 - d. Is the Sunday paper as good as the morning paper?
 - e. Is the Sunday paper thicker than the morning paper?
 - f. The Sunday paper is thicker than the morning paper.
 - g. The Sunday paper is more expensive than the morning paper.
 - h. The Sunday paper is better than the morning paper.
 - i. The Sunday paper isn't better than the morning paper.
 - j. The Sunday paper isn't the same price as the morning paper. k. The Sunday paper isn't the same price as the other editions.
- 3. He reads the business section more carefully than the amusement
 - a. He reads the business section more carefully than the sports page.

- b. He reads the business section as rapidly as the sports page.
- c. Does he read the business section as rapidly as the sports page?
- d. Does he read the business section as rapidly as the news section?
- e. Does he read the editorial page as rapidly as the news section?
- f. Does he read the editorial page as carefully as the news section?
- g. Does he read the editorial page more carefully than the news section?
- h. He reads the editorial page more carefully than the news section.
- i. I read the editorial page more carefully than the news section.
- j. I read the headlines more carefully than the news section.
- k. I read the headlines more rapidly than the news section.
- 4. Which magazine is published the most often?
 - a. Which magazine is published every week?
 - b. Which magazine do you read every week?
 - c. Which section of the newspaper do you read every week?
 - d. Which section of the newspaper do you read the most carefully?
 - e. Which section of the newspaper do you read the fastest?
 - f. Which newspaper do you read the fastest?
 - g. Which newspaper is delivered the fastest?
 - h. Which newspaper is delivered the earliest?
 - i. The morning newspaper is delivered the earliest.
 - j. The morning newspaper is published the earliest.
 - k. The morning newspaper is published every day.

Word Study Exercises

Page 101

- d. misplaced, c. disagreed, b. misinforms. h. misspells g. displeased, 1. a. discontinue, f. inconvenient,
 - b. amusement section, c. classified section, e. inaccurate,
- f. editorial page, g. book re-2. a. society page,
 - e. headlines, d. sports page, view section.
 - h. comic strips

UNIT 9

- I need a TV set right away.
 - a. I needed a TV set last year.
 - b. I'll need a TV set next year. I won't need a TV set next year.
 - d. Won't I need a TV set next year?



- e. Will I need a TV set next year?
- Will I need an outside antenna next year?
- g. Will I need an outside antenna when I install my TV?
- h. I'll need an outside antenna when I install my TV.
- i. I'm going to buy an outside antenna when I install my TV.
- j. I'm going to buy an outside antenna now.
- k. I'm going to buy a color TV now.

2. He saw the repairman fix the TV.

- a. He wanted the repairman to fix the TV.
- b. He permitted the repairman to fix the TV.
- c. Did he permit the repairman to fix the TV?
- d. Did he let the repairman fix the TV?
- e. He let the repairman fix the TV.
- f. He made the repairman fix the TV.
- g. He advised the repairman to fix the TV.
- h. He ordered the repairman to fix the TV.
- i. He encouraged the repairman to fix the TV.
- j. Did he encourage the repairman to fix the TV?
- k. Did he ask the repairman to fix the TV?
- l. Did he have the repairman fix the TV? m. He had the repairman fix the TV.
- n. He watched the repairman fix the TV.
- o. He helped the repairman fix the TV.
- He has to watch the news and weather.
 - a. He wants to watch the news and weather.
 - b. He wants to watch the quiz program.
 - c. He enjoys watching the quiz program.
 - d. He expects to watch the quiz program.
 - e. He insisted on watching the quiz program.
 - f. He insisted on watching the sports feature.
 - g. He plans to watch the sports feature.
 - h. He has to watch the sports feature.
 - i. He considered watching the sports feature.
 - He finished watching the sports feature.
 - k. He finished watching the mystery show.
 - l. He got through watching the mystery show.
 - m. He tried to watch the mystery show.
 - n. He intended to watch the mystery show. o. He kept on watching the mystery show.
 - p. He avoided watching the mystery show.

Word Study Exercises Page 112

- 1. a. antenna, b. list of programs, c. went off the air, d. too loud, e. an outlet, f. noise, g. TV station, h. questions and answers
- 2. a. off, b. on, c. to, d. of, e. in, f. at, g. in, h. out, i. up, j. down, k. for, l. to, m. out, n. of, o. on, p. of, q. to, r. with, s. from, t. on
- 3. a. console, b. live, c. receive, d. network, e. break, f. interference, g. frequency

UNIT 10

- I should practice the piano every day.
 - a. I should have practiced the piano yesterday.
 - b. I had to practice the piano yesterday.
 - c. I didn't have to practice the piano yesterday.
 - d. I don't have to practice the piano tomorrow.
 - e. I won't be able to practice the piano tomorrow.
 - f. I wasn't able to practice the piano last week.

 - g. I couldn't practice the piano last week.
 - h. I can't practice the piano next Saturday.
 - i. I can practice the piano next Saturday.
 - j. I must practice the piano next Saturday.
 - k. I must practice the piano every day.
 - l. I've got to practice the piano every day.
 - m. I've got to practice the piano before my recital.
 - n. I could have practiced the piano before my recital.
 - o. I could have practiced the piano more often.

 - p. I'd better practice the piano more often. q. I'd better practice the piano if I want to play well.
- 2. You should receive your tickets to the concert today.
 - a. You should have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
 - b. You must have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
 - c. You might have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
 - d. You might receive your tickets to the concert tomorrow.
 - e. You might enjoy the concert tomorrow.